Library of Congress

Guaranteed Bona-Fide, Every-Day Circulation Larger Than That Of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

One Year, by Mail, $5.00
Six Months, " 2.50
Three Months, " 1.25
Two Months, " 1.00
Delivered to Subscribers in the City at 45 Cents per Month.

VOL. LXII.--NO. 66. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY, JUNE 7, 1898. WHOLE NO. 9,611

The Morning Star.

TO THE PUBLIC.

Friends of THE MORNING STAR will do us a favor by informing us of any failure on the part of newsdealers, or newsboys on railroad trains, to meet the public demand for copies of this paper.

OUTLINES.

Report of the sinking of a Spanish torpedo boat destroyer by the battleship Oregon is confirmed; the vessel is supposed to have been the Terror. —— Insurgents in the Philippines have won several victories in encounters with Spanish forces. —— Admiral Sampson is arranging with Cervera for the exchange of Hobson and his men. —— Foreigners are taking refuge in ships at Manila; the insurgents are in four miles of the city and have daily encounters with the Spanish forces; the Americans are aiding the insurgents. —— New York markets: Money on call was steady at 1½@1½ per cent., the last loan being at 1½ per cent.; cotton dull—middling 6½c; flour dull and weak at 10@15c decline from Saturday; wheat—spot weak; No. 2 red $1 10 f o b; corn—spot weak; No. 2 38@38¼c; rosin steady, strained common to good $1 42½@1 45; spirits turpentine dull at 27½@28c.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., June 6.

Temperature: 8 A. M., 64 deg.; 8 P. M., 71 deg.; maximum, 78 deg.; minimum, 61 deg.; mean, 70 deg.

Rainfall for the day, .0; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, .30 inches.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

The barometer continues high in the northeast and it has fallen some to the westward of the Mississippi valley with lowest reading in Northern Texas. Moderate to light showers have fallen in Nebraska, Kansas, Texas and the lower Mississippi valley during the past 12 hours, and a local thunder storm reported at Vicksburg, Miss. The weather is clear to-night in the Middle and South Atlantic States, elsewhere partly cloudy to cloudy weather prevails. High temperature prevails in the interior and throughout the South, excepting the Atlantic Coast States, where continued cool weather is noted. The changes have been only slight over all sections since last evening.

Stage of water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M., 1.9 feet.

COTTON REGION BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 A. M. yesterday:

Generally partly cloudy, and scattered showers have prevailed over the cotton region, with lower temperature in the immediate Atlantic coast districts.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, fair in the interior; possibly showers near the coast; light northeasterly winds.

Port Almanac--June 7.

Sun Rises	4.41 A. M.
Sun Sets	7.14 P. M.
Day's Length	14 H. 32 M.
High Water at Southport	9.45 A. M.
High Water, Wilmington	12.15 P. M.

With temperature at 110 in the shade at Santiago, it is very easy to make it hot for the other fellows.

A contemporary asks, "Is our navy defective?" It is. There isn't enough of it. What there is, though, is jam up.

The New York *Sun* say Commodore Schley's name is pronounced Sly. That's what the Spaniards think any way.

Hon. John Wanamaker was knocked out of the nomination for Governor of Pennsylvania. A Stone did it. Col. W. A.

That was a fake story about Admiral Dewey's men dying from eating fish poisoned by the Spaniards. They have plenty of time now to go fishing themselves.

Away back in 1762 the British invaded Cuba in the rainy season, and took Havana too. There wasn't as much talk about the rainy season then as there is now.

There isn't much use in dodging when these modern projectiles are dropping around. It is said they riddle things and make it unhealthy in an area of 133,000 square feet.

If Gen. Garcia's army is well supplied with everything but clothes, they cannot be in a bad plight. With the mercury at 110, a fan and something to keep the flies from biting ought to fill the bill.

The owners of the British ship which ran into the cruiser Columbia, sank herself and came near sinking the cruiser, are modest fellows. They only ask the Government to pay them $200,000 for that performance.

The bequests of rich men in this country for benevolent, charitable and educational purposes increase from year to year. In 1893 they aggregated $29,000,000; in '94, $32,000,000; in '95, $33,000,000; in '96, $27,000,000; in '97, $45,000,000, a total for these five years of $166,000,000. There are millions more donated of which there is no record made.

Zimmerman, the champion bicycle rider, is reported to be at death's door. It is said he hastened the end by too much and too persistent hastening on the bike.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

F. W. Foster—Notice.
Wil. H. & L. Asso'n—Meeting.
R. R. Stone & Co.—Picnic hams.
King Grocery Co.—Butter 22½c.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mrs. Jno. E. Niemyer returned home from Raleigh yesterday.

— Miss Edna Robeson is spending several weeks in Chadbourn.

— Mr. John W. Daily, of Newbern, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. J. B. Robeson, of Rocky Mount, spent Sunday in Wilmington.

— Mr. F. M. Shamburger, of Laurinburg, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. H. B. Bailey has accepted a position with Mr. P. R. Fowler at the coal yard.

— Mrs. C. H. Ward came home last evening after a visit to relatives at Weldon.

— Mrs. H. O. McArthur and family will leave to-day for Kenansville to spend the Summer.

— Mrs. J. B. Harrell and children returned yesterday from visiting relatives at Mount Olive.

— Miss Thalia Green, the daughter of Capt. Robert Green, is recovering from an attack of fever.

— Lieut. J. C. Oakes returned from Fort Macon yesterday and went to Caswell on the *Easton*.

— Mr. Frank Shepard, baggage agent for H. L. Fennell, is able to be out again, after a long illness.

— Mrs. O. Marks and daughter, Miss Hattie, of Newbern, spent several hours in the city yesterday.

— Mr. R. W. McKeithan, the red-hot Democrat of Brunswick, was a welcome visitor at the STAR office yesterday.

— Mr. Graham Farmer returned from Wilson yesterday where he went to attend the funeral of his brother.

— Mr. L. Weill and daughter and Mrs. Will Weill, of Charlote spent Sunday on Wrightsville Beach and returned home yesterday.

— Messrs. F. M. Wooten and Mr. Augustus McNair, of Maxton, passed through the city yesterday, returning home from a few days stay at Wrightsville Beach.

EMBEZZLER WIERSE

Brought Back from Norfolk and Lodged in Jail.

Deputy Sheriff J. P. Flynn, who left for Norfolk Saturday night to bring home Paul Wierse, the alleged embezzler, made a quick trip, returning last night. He took his prisoner to the county jail, where he will be kept until he is brought up for a hearing. Mr. Keith does not know exactly what line the prosecution will take.

Wierse, when seen last night by a reporter, said that he did not care to talk until it developed what steps Mr. Keith was going to take. "Mr. Keith can withdraw his charges, in which case I would be released," he said. He added that when he heard that he was charged with embezzlement he was so amazed that one could have knocked him down with a feather. He said he had no money, and was obliged, on being arrested, to leave his satchel at his boarding house as security for his board. He denies leaving Wilmington with a woman, saying he met up with her on the train.

Mr. Keith says he continues to find evidences of his book-keeper's crooked work.

M. E. Conferences.

The Epworth League and Sunday School Conference of the North Carolina Annual Conference of the M. E. Church, South, will be held at Morehead City, June 22d to 26th. According to the programme as published, Rev. R. C. Beaman, of this city, is to preside over the Conference on the opening day, Wednesday, June 22d, and Rev. A. P. Tyer, Saturday, June 25th, and numerous and suitable speeches and addresses will be delivered by preachers and laymen, including Mr. Julian S. Carr, of Durham.

The Wilmington District Conference of the M. E. Church, South, will be held at Whiteville, N. C., and will embrace the fourth Sunday in July.

Nantucket Still at Port Royal.

The STAR received on yesterday the following telegram, which removes all doubt as to whether or not the *Nantucket* has sailed from Port Royal, viz:

"The *Nantucket* is still anchored off the naval station."

A private letter from one of the "tars" on the *Nantucket* says that the monitor *Passaic* was to have left Port Royal yesterday for New Orleans. This probably had something to do with the report that the *Nantucket* had left.

LOCAL DOTS.

— For other locals see fourth page.

— The STAR regrets to learn that Rev. R. C. Beaman is on the sick list.

— A marriage license was issued yesterday to a colored couple, George Moseley to Mary Gibson.

— Some improvements are being made to the residence of Mr. L. W. McLaurin on Chesnut, near Fifth street.

— Next Sunday the third quarterly meeting for Grace M. E. Church for the present conference year will be held.

— The dodging Spanish Admiral doubtless found the recent bombardment of Santiago Cervera than he expected.

— Mr. Geo. H. Ward and family, formerly of this city, but for some time past residents of Greensboro, have returned here to live.

— Yesterday a license was issued for the marriage of Mr. William J. Farrar, of Topsail Sound, to Miss Mary A. Chadwick, of Wilmington.

— The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church will run an excursion to Carolina Beach to-day. A good time is anticipated.

— There will be preaching at Brooklyn Baptist Church to-night. Last night's services were well attended and unusual interest was manifested.

— Rev. A. P. Tyer left for Durham, N. C., yesterday to attend the meeting of the Board of Trustees (of which he is one) and the commencement at Trinity College.

— Justice Fowler yesterday disposed of two cases. They were against husband and wife, John and Rachael Fisher. Disorderly conduct was the charge. Both were dismissed on the payment of costs.

— Mr. J. B. Huggins received some fine peaches yesterday, about the first of the season, from the well known Howard peach orchard at Hampstead. They were sold at the rate of $5.00 per bushel.

— The annual meeting of the Wilmington Homestead and Loan Association will be held to-night at the City Hall. All stockholders are requested to be present or be represented by proxies.

— A New York paper says the wrecking tug *J. D. Jones* is being fitted up at Norfolk for use in the fifth coast district, which is from Norfolk to New River Inlet. It will be manned by Naval Reserves.

— There was no meeting of the city Board of Health yesterday on account of the illness of Dr. W. D. McMillan, superintendent of health, who is confined to his home. However, the STAR is glad to report his sickness is not considered serious.

— Capt. J. M. McGowan informs a STAR reporter that a friend has written him from Memphis, Tenn., that Shelby Lodge No. 259 was organized there with 646 members, the largest in the history of Odd Fellowship. Altogether there are more than a thousand Odd Fellows in Memphis.

Mayor Wright's Court.

In the Mayor's court yesterday there were six cases. Five of them were for disorderly conduct and one for drunkenness and resisting an officer. The latter offence was against Lee Blocker, colored, and the punishment meted out to him was $5 and costs.

Cases for disorderly conduct against William Graddy and Willis Drake, both colored, were dismissed.

Other cases were against Frank Loftin, Randal Davis and Ham Howe, all convicted of disorderly conduct and fined $2.00 and costs.

Who Will Go to Atlanta?

At a meeting of the Cape Fear Camp U. C. V., No. 254, held last night in the W. L. I. armory, authority was vested in Commander G. W. Huggins to appoint delegates and alternates to the re-union of Confederate veterans to be held in Atlanta July 21st, 22nd and 23rd. All members of the camp who contemplate attending the re-union are urged to report to Commander Huggins as early as possible. Also all veterans who reside outside the city and would like to attend. An invitation was extended to all such to join the camp in the trip.

Painfully Hurt.

Mr. B. F. Keith happened to a painful accident yesterday at his boat-house on the river front, between Mulberry and Walnut streets. He was in the act of jumping ashore, and miscalculating the height of the door, struck his face against the sharp edge of the upper facing. He was knocked senseless, but did not lose consciousness until he had grasped an upright post and thus prevented himself from falling into the river. A deep gash was out across his nose.

Partition Land Sale.

Yesterday at noon B. G. Empie, Esq., as commissioner and S. M. Empie, esq., as attorney, sold, at public auction, a house and lot on Walnut street East of Sherwood's alley. The purchaser was Mr. John F. Garrell and $500, was the price he paid. The sale was for partition purposes in the case of Nancy Simmons et al. vs. Cyrus Painter and wife Lucy et al.

To City Subscribers.

City subscribers are earnestly requested to report promptly at the STAR office every failure of the carriers to deliver their papers. In all such cases steps will be taken to insure promp and regular delivery.

COUNTY AFFAIRS.

The Rival Boards of Commissioners Each Held Meetings Yesterday.

AND TRANSACTED BUSINESS.

The Sheriff and Other County Officials Make Report to the Republican Hold-Overs—Tax Matters Discussed—No Action Taken.

Yesterday there were meetings of both boards of New Hanover County Commissioners. The Democratic board held their meeting in the office of the clerk of the Superior Court and Col. Foster's board met in the regular commissioner's room. The latter board transacted the most routine business.

The Democratic Board.

All five members of the new (Democratic) board were present and Col. Roger Moore as chairman presided. Capt. W. B. Oldham discharged the duties of his office as clerk to the board. The meeting yesterday was a sort of adjourned session from emergency meeting sheld June 1st and 2nd. At the meeting June 1st Commissioner Alexander was instructed to make much needed repairs upon the bridge near the national cemetery and at the June 2nd meeting Mr. Alexander reported that 40 feet of railing had been put on the bridge and a number of rotten planks replaced with new ones. He said the work was greatly appreciated by the people who travel that way and they are outspoken in their commendations.

A warrant in favor of William J. Sears in payment for the lumber and work was drawn and Col. Moore and W. B. McKoy Esq., instructed to accompany Mr. Sears when he presented it to County Treasurer Jas. H. Chadbourn, Jr. for payment.

At the meeting yesterday Col. Moore reported that he and Mr. McKoy had gone before Treasurer Chadbourn as instructed and that Mr. Chadbourn had declined to honor Mr. Sears' warrant. His excuse was that he was not paying any county bills now and would not until the suit as to who were the lawful commissioners was settled. However, he accepted the bill to be filed until the matter is settled

The only matter acted upon yesterday was the granting of an application from R. C. Spooner and others in Masonboro township for Jas. H. McRee, as county surveyor, to survey a certain tract of land in which they are interested.

There was a discussion of matters pertaining to the tax levy for 1898, but action in regard to the matter was deferred until a meeting to be held next Friday, at 2.30 o'clock. Commissioners Moore, Boatwright and Alexander were appointed a committee to investigate certain matters pertaining to the levy.

Col. Foster's Board.

Col. Foster, F. J. Dempsey and Jordan Nixon, designated as Col. Foster's board for convenience sake, were in session from 4 to past 6 o'clock. The following is a synopsis of the business they transacted:

Monthly report of Dr. Zachery as resident physician at the City Hospital was accepted. It showed receipts for the past month from pay patients more than twice as much as for any previous month.

Communication from Col. W. L. DeRosset, asking a reduction of tax assessment on certain property, referred to the county attorney.

Col. Foster was instructed to advertise for bids and award the contract for painting the bridge over Smith's creek and the iron fence around the court house.

A communication from Dr. Miller, of the Eastern Hospital at Goldsboro, was read, in which he asked that Laura Blarney, a colored insane woman now in New Hanover jail, be sent to the hospital at once.

The monthly report and bills from T. A. Watson, as Superintendent of the County Home, was received and referred to the Audit Committee. The matter of exempting citizens of New Hanover county, who are serving in the army or navy, from poll tax was discussed and referred to the county attorney for investigation as to the power of the commissioners to act. The revision of the jury box was taken up; but postponed to the next meeting of the board without definite action.

Dr. McMillan, as superintendent of health, reported 182 patients treated in the county office and 149 visits paid to 79 patients in their homes. He reported the jail in a better sanitary condition than last month, the County Home well kept and only one serious case of sickness.

The sheriff's report and bills were received and referred to the county attorney. The clerk was asked to request the Board of Regents and Managers, on the part of the city, of the City Hospital to name an early date when they can meet with the managers on the part of the county for a conference concerning the interests of that institution.

The report of Treasurer Jas. H. Chadbourn, Jr. concerning the special, general and school funds of the county was referred to the audit committee and a motion adopted by which the county attorney was made a regular member of the audit committee.

The matter of levying taxes for 1898 was discussed, but action was deferred until a subsequent meeting.

The Board adjourned, subject to the call of the chairman.

— Mr. J. E. Johnson, of Fair Bluff, was here Tuesday.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN

Report of Police Committee Investigating Charges Against the Chief of Police.

THE CASE IS CONTINUED.

Street Railway Company's Bid for Lighting the City—Building Permits Granted—Princess Street Dock to be Re-opened.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Aldermen was held last night.

Under reports of committees Alderman Gore reported for the Finance Committee that he negotiated a loan to the city of $25,000.

The clerk read the report of the Police Committee, consisting of Mayor Wright and Aldermen Twining and Benson, on the investigation of charges preferred by officer R. H. Benson against Chief of Police J. R. Melton. The report stated that the charges were not sustained, but that the committee found both parties guilty of conduct not becoming officers. The Mayor said that Officer Benson appealed from the committee's decision. Alderman Hewlett asked if the appeal had been filed in writing. Mayor Wright replied that it had not. Alderman Morrill moved to accept the report of the committee. Alderman Gore said he didn't think it right for the plaintiff to be cut off without further hearing. Alderman Keith thought with Mr. Gore. W. E. Henderson, Esq., colored, Benson's counsel, appeared before the Board, but was asked to wait until after the motion before the house had been voted on. Subsequently, however, and before the vote was taken, lawyer Henderson was given permission to speak. He said that he could not understand how the committee could report the charges unsustained when the evidence of trustworthy persons was to the contrary.

Alderman Morrill withdrew his motion and the matter was about to be heard on the spot, but Chief Melton said that he was not ready, not having employed a lawyer. So a motion previously offered by Alderman Green, postponing the hearing to a special meeting, was passed.

Superintendant A. B. Skelding, of the street Railway Company, appeared before the board to explain the cost of electric lights in the suburbs. He said by the addition of 23 arc lights the suburbs could be lighted exactly as the other portion of the town is lighted. This would give an arc light on every other corner. Mr. Skelding's plan contemplated removing the light at the W. L. I. armory and the one at Sixth and Bladen streets. The cost of the additional lights would be $161 a month—not very much more than is being paid now for oil lights, which cost $100 monthly. Mr. Skedling produced a map showing the location of the lights as selected by himself, though he added that he would be glad, in case the contract be awarded, to accept suggestions from the aldermen.

Alderman Keith said there had been heavy complaints of poor lights in the suburbs. He thought the poor should be furnished with the same lights as the rich. He moved to award the contract to the Street Railway Company at the prices named.

Mayor Wright said that where there were two companies in the field it would be folly to award a contract when only one bid was in. Although Mr. Skelding stated that he had not made his investigations with a view to excluding any other company from making a bid, Mr. Keith's motion was lost.

On motion of A. J. Hewlett the contract for keeping the oil lamps up was awarded to Primus Bowen at $1,200 for the year.

Alderman Keith complained about the need of repairs to the wharf at the foot of Chesnut street. Mayor Wright said an examination would be made to-day and the wharf would be repaired if it could be done without dredging.

Building permits were granted to E. B. Pleasants, to repair brick retaining wall on Front street, between Red Cross and the W. & W. R. R. depot; C. D. Morrill, to build a one-story frame shingle-roof dwelling on east side of Front street, between Church and Castle; Wm. H. Bernard, one-story frame shingle-roof building on the east side of Fourth street, between Princess and Chesnut; H. E. Bonitz, one-story tin-roof warehouse for Messrs. Alex. Sprunt & Son on Nutt street, opposite Champion Compress; Joseph Silvy, contractor, two-story tin-roof house on the east side of Fifth street, between Grace and Chesnut; D. L. Gore, two-story brick tin-roof store-room in connection with store-building, No. 120 to 124 North Water street; Jno. C. Stout, two-story frame residence, with slate roof, for W. E. Berry, on the northeast corner of Fourth and Market streets.

No action was taken on a petition from the Merchants' Association asking that parties owning the vacant lots just north of the S. A. L. office, be asked to fence them in, repair sidewalks and remove a brick chimney claimed to be dangerous. No action likewise on a petition from a number of ladies asking for improvement of Fourth and Nun street crossing.

Alderman Norwood said there was no water in the fountain on Front and Market streets. The Mayor stated this would be attended to at once. A petition from T. Swann asking for $3.00 to pay for his vest, which was cut to pieces while he was assisting in making an arrest, was referred to the Finance Committee.

Mr. Struthers stated that he had ordered 1,000 dog badges made at $3.50 a hundred. Dr. W. D. McMillan's monthly report as already printed in the STAR, was read and adopted. The report of Chief Chas. Schnibben, of the W. F. D., was read. It showed origin of fires as follows: Defective flue, 2; rats, 2; spark from chimney, 2; spark from stack of the Carolina Cooperage Company, 1; lightning, 4; unknown, 1; damage to buildings, $834.75; to contents, $290.30. The thanks of the department were tendered to Drs. Burbank and McMillan for services rendred, and it was recommended that new horses for Engine Company No. 2, be boxght, as the old ones are about done for. A motion was passed ordering that the purchase be made.

City Clerk and Treasurer Wm. Struthers' report for May showed balance May 1st, $1,303.05; receipts, $28,948.24; disbursements, $9,220.76; balance June 1st, $21,030.53.

A petition with over a hundred signatures was read asking that Princess street be re-opened for the use of wood flats, the same having been closed by order of the Board of Health. On motion of Alderman Green the dock was ordered to be opened at once.

The contract for constructing a patrol wagon was awarded to Mr. P. H. Hayden at $95.

A petition for a sidewalk on Fifth street for the benefit of people going to Grace church was referred to the committee on streets and wharves. The Board then adjourned.

THE MUSICAL ASSOCIATION.

Arrangements Made for the Summer Vacation — Handsome Baton Presented to Mr. Ed. Munson.

There was an important business meeting of the Wilmington Musical Association last night. Col. A. M. Waddell presided as chairman and Miss Adrian, as secretary, was at her post. The Association has been organized just six moths and the meeting last night was the last general business meeting that will be held before Fall.

An invitation from Col. and Mrs. A. M. Waddell for the Association to meet in their home for music rehearsals every Monday night during the Summer was accepted, and the evening of the first Monday in October was selected as the date for the first meeting after the Summer vacation. At this time regular musical rehearsals will be resumed. It is probable that an oratorio will be taken up, possibly "Messiah" or "Holy City."

Expressions of gratification at the success which has attended the work of the association during the firs 6 months of its organization were indulged in by several members. Especial reference was made to the successful presentation of the recent musicale. As a last feature of the meeting, Col. Waddell announced that he "had something up his sleve" for their clever and efficient musical director. And sure enough he, magician like, drew from his sleve a beautiful baton which he presented to Mr. Ed. H. Munson as a token of appreciation on the part of the association for his able and untiring labors in directing their work during the session just closing. The baton was gracefully accepted by Mr. Munson in an appropriate speech. It is a beautiful ebony baton with ivory handle and gold trimmings, is to be appropriately engraved, and is most worthily bestowed.

O. A. N. MEETING LAST NIGHT.

Will Probably Play Ball With Tarboro Soon—Club Debate Resulted in a Tie—Next Subject.

There was a meeting of the O. A. N. Club last night. Possibly the most interesting matter discussed was the base ball prospects. A letter was read from Manager H. S. Bryan, of the Tarboro Athletic Association, in which that organization proposed to play two series of games with the O. A. N. Club team, the first series in this city, June 20th, 21st and 22d, and the second at Tarboro, July 15th, 16th and 17th. The conditions are that the O. A. N. Club shall pay the expenses of the Tarboro team (thirteen men) when they come to Wilmington, and they will pay the O. A. N. team's expenses when they go to Tarboro. Some arrangement will also doubtless be made regarding the division of the gate receipts. While no definite action was taken, it is understood that both series of games will be played. Secretary Bryan writes that all the Tarboro team are well trained college boys and can play great ball. Doubtless there are some exciting games in store for Wilmington lovers of the sport when the proposed games are played here.

The regular debate was held last night. "Resolved, That the United States was justifiable in declaring war with Spain," was the subject. The debaters were Mr. Henry R. Moore for the affirmative and Mr. Thos. E. Myers for the negative. A vote of the club as to the merit of the respective arguments resulted in a tie.

The subject for the next debate will be "Resolved that the banishment of Napoleon to St. Helena was a justifiable proceeding." Affirmative debaters are Messrs. T. R. Orrell, G. Parsley and Oscar Peck. Those of the negative are J. Peschau J. M. Stevenson and H. S. Smallbones. The debate is to be held June 20th.

On account of the commencement exercises of Elizabeth College, Charlotte, N. C., June 19th to 15th, the Seaboard Air Line will sell round trip tickets to the above point at reduced rates; tickets on sale June 13th to 15th, inclusive; final limit June 17th.

BUSINESS LOCALS
IN "THE MORNING STAR"
COST BUT A CENT A WORD.
NO AD. FOR LESS THAN 20c.

HAVE YOU LOST ANYTHING?
HAVE YOU FOUND ANYTHING?
WANT TO SELL A HOUSE?
WANT TO RENT A HOUSE?
NEED A COOK?
WANT A NURSE?
WANT TO BORROW MONEY?
WANT TO LEND MONEY?
WANT A SITUATION?
WANT A BOOKKEEPER?
WANT TO BUY OR SELL A COW OR HORSE?
DO YOU WISH TO SELL A FARM?
DO YOU WISH TO BUY A FARM?
DO YOU WANT A WIFE?

Do You Want Anything?

A Cent a Word is a Mere Trifle for An Advertisement. The Price is so Low That You Can Afford to Detail Your Needs in Print, and Save Correspondence.

Try "The Morning Star."

Guaranteed Circulation Larger Than That of Any Other Daily Newspaper Published in Wilmington.

BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.

The Benevolent Society acknowledges with thanks gifts from the following friends:

Mr. J. H. Boatwright, Mrs. R. J. Bunting, Mrs. Bridgers, Mrs. Bettie Grant, Mrs. Thos. Sykes, Mrs. J. E. Hall, Mrs. Duffie, Mrs. Shick, Mrs. W. Niestle, Mrs. Stein, Miss Louise Harlowe, Mrs. W. M. McRae, Mrs. Fentress, Mrs. Mahn, Mrs. W. H. Yopp, Miss Janie Horne, Mrs. H. Smallbones, Mrs. J. L. Cantwell, Mrs. Wm. R. French, Mrs. Zillar Fowler, Mrs. E. A. King, Mr. and Mrs. Dan Quinlivan ($2.00), Mrs. Biggs, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. H. F. Wilder, Mrs. W. H. Turlington, Mrs. S. Solomon, Mrs. A. M. Waddell, Jr., Mrs. Wm. DeRosset, Mrs. Kingsbury, Mrs. Wm. Munroe, Mrs. T. C. James, Mrs. Joe Bunting, Mrs. Dr. Storm, seven packages from differeht friends, Mrs. Roger Moore, Mr. J. F. Garrell, Mr. Wm. Hayes.

The members are urged to attend the monthly meeting on Tuesday afternoon at 5 o'clock.

We earnestly ask all our friends who have promised monthly contributions, and who expect to leave the city for the Summer, to make some arrangement before leaving, so that we will be able to receive their gifts without interruption.

Because of the absence of so many during the Summer season we find it much more difficult to meet expenses.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Election of Officers of Stonewall Lodge No. 1.

At a regular meeting of Stonewall Lodge No. 1, held last night at Castle Hall the following officers were elected to serve during the ensuing term:

M at Work.—John R. Turrentine, Jr.
C. C.—M. S. Willard.
V. C.—Jno. R. Hanby.
Prelate.—J. O. Wiggs.
K. of R. & S.—W. F. Robertson.
M. of F.—D. F. Barnes.
M. of Ex.—H. J. Bierman.
M. at Arms.—Geo. Patterson.
Inner Guard.—E. H. Batson.
O. G.—Jerr M. Holmes.

Recommended to Grand Lodge for District Deputy Grand Chancellor, Past Chancellor W. C. Smith.

After the Lodge was closed the brethren were invited to partake of ice cream and cake.

The committee on entertaining the Grand Lodge which meets next Tuesday, contemplate taking them down the river and out to sea on the steamer *Wilmington*.

THE VOLUNTEER COMPANIES.

Continue to Recruit—Doubt as to Whether They Will be Needed or Not.

Capt. W. N. Harriss' company has about reached the required number, one hundred and six. Of these about 25 are from Newbern, and it is likely that one of the lieutenants will be taken from the Newbernians. The recruiting will go on in spite of the uncertainty as to whether the white battalion will be formed and those who are interested in forming the second Wilmington company of volunteers will not give up hope until there is positive information that the company will not be needed.

Alderman A. J. Hewlett's company now numbers sixty-one, and he says he will continue recruiting as long as he can find any one who wants to join.

No mineral waters in the world is superior to that of Jackson Springs for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration or Kidney, Bladder and Stomach troubles. Read advertisement in the STAR. †

FOR PIC NIC HAMS,
D. S. Sides, Plates,
Bellies, Corn, Meal, Hay,
Oats, Plow Lines,
HOOP IRON, SPIRIT CASKS, NAILS
and everything in groceries, go and see
R. R. STONE & CO.,
or write for prices. je 7 tf

22 1-2 Cts
For the Very Best
TABLE BUTTER.
We get it fresh on every steamer and keep it on ice.
Pure Leaf Lard 7½ Cents.
Granulated Sugar 6 Cents.
THE KING GROCERY CO.
B. F. KING, MANAGER.
'Phone 387. Fourth Street Bridge.
je 7 tf

NOTICE!
By authority vested in me by the Board of Commissioners of New Hanover County, I hereby advertise for sealed bids for painting the bridge across Smith's creek and the iron fence about the new County Court House. Bids must be sent to me as early as possible, and work must be done in a manner satisfactory to myself. By order of the Board of County Commissioners. F. W. FOSTER,
je 7 tf Chairman.

DOG BADGES.
Every owner or keeper of a Dog is notified that according to the Dog Ordinance of the City of Wilmington, Dogs are required to be Registered, Numbered and Licensed, and the registered number to be worn at all times, or the owner of the Dog will be subject to a fine. Badges are now ready and the Ordinance will be enforced on Monday, June 13th.
WM. STRUTHERS,
je 5 2t Clerk and Treasurer.

Stockholder's Meeting.
The annual meeting of the Wilmington Homestead and Loan Association will be held in the City Hall this Tuesday evening, May 7th, at 8.30.
All stockholders are requested to be present or be represented by proxies.
J. G. STEVENSON, President.
C. C. BROWN, Sec'y and Treas'r. je 7 1t

Lots for Sale
AT WALLACE, N. C., I WILL SELL AT PUBLIC AUCTION, June 22th, 1898, several Town Lots situated west of the W. & W. Railroad, on Main and Railroad streets, in the thrifty Town of Wallace, N. C., in the centre of the best Strawberry belt known. Terms easy.
je 4 1w P. BONEY.

Wilmington Seacoast R. R.
SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JUNE 1ST, 1898.
Leave Wilmington daily, except Sundays, 6.30 and 10.10 A. M.; 2.50, 5.00 and 7.15 P. M. Sunday, 10.10 A. M. and 6.30 P. M.
Leave Ocean View daily, except Sundays, at 7.30 and 11.30 A. M.; 3.45, 6.00 and 10 P. M. Sunday, 11.30 A. M. and 6 P. M.
Freight will be carried on the 10.10 A. M. and 5 P. M. trains only, except vegetables and meats on the 6.30 A. M. No goods will be received unless accompanied by a way bill and freight prepaid.
GEO. R. FRENCH, President.
R. O. GRANT, Superintendent. my 21 tf

WANTED.
A young man who has had some experience running Job Presses, and who is a resident of Wilmington, is wanted at the STAR OFFICE.
je 5 3t

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, $5.00 per year, $2.50 for six months, $1.25 for three months, 50 cents for one month to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 45 cents per month for any period from one month to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY)—One square one day, $1.00; two days, $1.75; three days, $2.50; four days, $3.00; five days, $3.50; one week, $4.00; two weeks, $6.50; three weeks, $8.50; one month, $10.00; two months, $17.00; three months, $24.00; six months, $40.00; twelve months, $60.00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1.00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired, charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

All announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect, Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1.00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1898

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGES.

First District—Hon. George H. Brown, of Beaufort.
Second District—Hon. Henry R. Bryan, of Craven.
Fifth District—Hon. Thomas J. Shaw, of Guilford.
Sixth District—Hon. Oliver H. Allen, of Lenoir.
Seventh District—Hon. Thomas A. McNeill, of Robeson.
Eleventh District—Hon. W. Alexander Hoke, of Lincoln.

WE ARE LEARNING.

Nations, like individuals, learn in the school of experience. Some learn quickly, some slowly, and some do not seem to learn at all. Within the past three months this country has learned a great deal, for she has had object lesson after object lesson presented to her. One thing she has learned and that is the need of a powerful navy. Another is the necessity of closer connection by water between the Pacific and Atlantic States. Another is the necessity of a merchant marine, as a training school for seamen and as a supplier of auxiliary war vessels in case of need.

Fortunately for us we are getting our experience now in a war with a fifth-rate power in point of navy, and even a lower rate power in some other respects. But even this fifth-rate power, whose poor management of guns and ships excites the derision of our seamen, has put us to our trumps and taxed our energies to watch her fleets and prevent them from doing harm. With the exception of that glorious little fleet on the other side of the Pacific we have had all our available ships, with those purchased and those hastily converted into war ships, going to and fro on the Atlantic and Caribbean seas, and on the Gulf of Mexico, to watch the Spanish ships reported to be coming this way, and to blockade a few of the Cuban ports.

Admiral Sampson and Commodore Schley have both been for weeks scouring the seas to intercept that fleet, reported here one day and there another, until finally either by strategy or by necessity the hunted Spanish Admiral glided into that Santiago trap, where he is now securely locked up. And yet until this was done what a feeling of uneasiness prevailed in some if not many of the Atlantic cities lest this elusive fleet should make a sudden dash upon our coast and bombard some of those cities. This fear prevailed to such an extent that it was deemed advisable to keep some of our fleetest cruisers scouring the seas to watch for and report the coming of hostile ships.

Suppose instead of Spain we had England, France or Germany to cope with, how would it be then? How long could we, with our navy, keep up such a blockade as that of Cuba? How would we defend our own cities strewn along such an extent of coast? While we were attempting to protect one, with their divided fleets they could have attacked others and inflicted all the damage they cared to inflict and our men of the navy, as brave and dashing as they are, would be powerless to prevent it. It is, as we remarked, our good fortune that we have to do with as weak and rattle-brained a nation as Spain, whose statesmen and war directors seem to have been dazed ever since this war began, and to have been indulging in a succession of stupid things.

It was our good fortune, too, that Great Britain so early in the proceedings showed her partiality for this country, which fact has had much to do with causing the nations which sympathized with Spain to preserve a harmless neutrality, when they would, on account of the money interests they have in Spain, have given her, if they deemed it prudent, not only moral but material aid. This material aid might have come in the form of ships, and men and guns, and we would have found ourselves, as little prepared as we were, fighting not weak Spain alone, but Spain with powerful allies. And then we would have had some real work and some real fighting to attend to.

That this has not been the case, that those nations notwithstanding the ill-concealed and well-known sympathy of some of them, have contented themselves with giving underhand aid, we are doubtless indebted to the avowed sympathy of Great Britain with this country and the fear that she would side with us if she sided with Spain.

The war has already cost us a great deal, and will cost us much more before it closes, although it may not last much longer, but that it has not cost us five times as much is because we outclassed our antagonist, who outclassed as she was was compelled to meet us practically on our own ground, or our own waters, and because we were not outclassed by the friends whose aid she might have secured if Great Britain did not loom up as a probable aid to us if her aid should be needed.

But we are too great and too self reliant and proud to continue dependent upon the friendship of any other nation to give us immunity from foes that might be tempted to assail us. We must be prepared to defend ourselves not only against a weak but against the mightiest of nations, and not only to wage a defensive but if need be an offensive war, to carry the war away from our own shores to the shores of the nation we may come into conflict with. To do this we must have a navy which by the number and quality of its ships will command the respect of all nations and make them very cautious about provoking our resentment.

It may be our good fortune to be permitted to live in peace, but in these days of national rivalry and territorial expansion it is too much to expect that we can preserve the even tenor of our way undisturbed as we have done in the past, for with this war however it may terminate, whether our flag is to fly over conquered territory or not, we enter upon a new era, must take a different and more active part in the drama that nations are playing, must face and assume new and greater responsibilities, and must be prepared to do it, whether we will or not. A great and a powerful navy has therefore become not only a desirable but a necessary arm of defence, (for the probabilities are that our future wars, if we are to have any, will be fought upon the seas), to protect our own coasts and to carry the war to those who may assail us.

Every year hence, for some years to come, should see additions made to our navy until it can go upon the seas and feel confident of coping with any that might be sent against it. This will cost money, millions of money, but it will be money well spent, for it may save us many times that many millions, by preventing wars that a small navy might invite.

The nation safest from war is always the nation that is best prepared for it. With such a navy supplemented by a merchant marine from which we could draw in case of need, and a waterway through the isthmus giving us transit from one ocean to the other, we might go upon the deep and feel the peer of any nation, with none to lightly challenge us to combat.

MINOR MENTION.

There was every reason to believe that ex-Minister de Lome had a spy bureau in operation in Canada, pretty conclusive evidence of which was furnished when one of his tools under arrest in Washington hanged himself. But the evidence was clinched by that letter of Carranza published Sunday morning. Possibly Carranza may say that this letter is a forgery, but it has too many marks of genuineness to permit any weight being attached to a denial of authenticity. De Lome held his ground until he became pretty sure that he was spotted and that this Government had got upon his trail when he found it convenient to vacate Canada, leaving his subs, Carranza and Dubosc, to conduct the spy business, which they did, but not as cleverly as they thought they were doing. It will be remembered that when it was charged that de Lome was playing the part of a spy he indignantly denied it, and shortly afterwards left for Spain. This letter not only shows that he was so engaged, but also shows that he deliberately lied about it when he denied it. We do not view the performances of these subordinates as anything disreputable for they were obeying orders, but de Lome doesn't show up well in voluntarily coming down from the position of a Minister to that of chief engineer of a spy bureau. Of course Carranza, Dubosc and the rest of the fragments of that Washington embassy, if there be any more in Canada, will vacate and seek other pastures.

* * *

As young as this war is it has developed some superb heroism, and a great deal of it, so much of it that it is rather becoming the rule than the exception. The latest exhibition, the daring venture of Lieutenant Hobson and his six companions in taking the Merrimac into the harbor of Santiago, under the full fire of the land batteries, and sinking her across the narrow channel, reads like a romance and has in it all the elements of genuine heroism, not only in the leader who directed, but in the men who volunteered and went to almost certain death with him. It took not only courage of the first order, but self-confidence and coolness of the highest type to achieve a feat like this. The success of this venture, and the glorious nerve and disregard of danger with which it was carried out, amounts to more than the obstruction of that channel and the locking up of Cervera's fleet, for it adds to the prestige of the American navy which produces such men, men who will go anywhere and cheerfully face almost certain death in the performance of a task assigned or responsibility assumed. America may well feel proud of such sons, and North Carolina has special reason to feel proud because Lieutenant Hobson is of North Carolina sock, and well maintains the traditional celebrity of North Carolina's sons for indomitable pluck and matchless heroism.

* * *

In writing a few days ago about the growing peace sentiment in Spain, we remarked on the studied system of deception which has been practiced upon the Spanish people to keep them from knowing the actual situation. The following are a couple of specimens of some of the outrageous lying done by Spanish papers, which appeared in a review of the situation in the *El Progresso*, published in Havana, under date of May 23rd:

"Already our gallant fleet has bombarded their city of Boston and driven the inhabitants of that place into the interior, compelling them to flee for their lives. Next, we will move upon New York, and no Yankee ships dare attack us, knowing full well their inability to cope with the formidable Spanish navy. Already there is tumult and insurrection among the Yankees because of the failure of their arms, and the people are blaming President McKinley. A military guard of 1,000 soldiers surrounds his palace to prevent an assassin from reaching him. He never goes out, and it is expected daily that news will be sent out of his death, so intensely enraged are the people because they see nothing but defeat in their war against Spain. Civil war is threatened among the United States, and it may be looked for at any moment. The wealthy Yankees of New York and Philadelphia have barricaded their houses and armed their servants, fearing both the attacks of our forces and the mobs of their own people.

"The Philippines, which were at first reported lost to us, have been regained, if, indeed, they were ever out of our power or in danger of being lost. The ships of the Yankee commander have been destroyed, with great loss of life, and the rebel forces have united with all good Spanish citizens in driving the foreigners from those islands, and have reorganized their government under an equitable autonomy, such as exists in Cuba to-day."

This is nothing more nor less than cold-blooded, deliberate lying, of which even a Spanish paper ought to be ashamed.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The Spaniards are jubilating over the destruction of our fleet and the bombardment by their ships of Boston, Galveston, Mobile and Pensacola. Every day it becomes more evident that the sphere of these delightful people is opera bouffe and not war.—*Louisville Courier-Journal, Dem.*

—— The women of America are doing a noble work in the present war. The patient, inconspicuous work of the multitude who prepare "comfort bags," and similar humble and useful things for the men in the field, and bandages, delicacies and similar aids for those in hospitals, can only be praised in general terms, but every now and then one of them does something so conspicuous that it attracts attention by its very magnitude. Such is the act of Mrs. L. Z. Leiter, in buying a lage hotel and presenting it to the Government for a hospital. Many a man rescued from death by her charity will bless her name hereafter.—*Philadelphia Ledger, Ind.*

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

Cures a Prominent Attorney.

MR. R. C. PHELPS, the leading pension attorney of Belfast, N. Y., writes: "I was discharged from the army on account of ill health, and suffered from heart trouble ever since. I frequently had fainting and smothering spells. My form was bent as a man of 80. I constantly wore an overcoat, even in summer, for fear of taking cold. I could not attend to my business. My rest was broken by severe pains about the heart and left shoulder. Three years ago I commenced using Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, notwithstanding I had used so much patent medicine and taken drugs from doctors for years without being helped. Dr. Miles' Heart Cure restored me to health. It is truly a wonderful medicine and it affords me much pleasure to recommend this remedy to everyone."

Dr. Miles' Remedies are sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee, first bottle benefits or money refunded. Book on diseases of the heart and nerves free. Address,

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure Restores Health

DR. MILES MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

Use Dr. Miles' NERVE PLASTERS for SPINAL WEAKNESS. All druggists sell 'em for 25c.

No morphine or opium in Dr. Miles's PAIN PILL CURE ALL PAIN. "One cent a dose." For sale by all Druggists. Change.

je 25 1y sa tu th

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Danbury *Reporter*: The hail-storm of Monday was very destructive to the grain crop in some sections. We learn that wheat in the neighborhood of Meadows was very much injured.

— Kinston *News*: We were informed by Mr. S. W. Carpenter, of the Atlantic Coast Line, that a most destructive hail storm prevailed yesterday (Thursday) afternoon between Ayden and Grifton, about Littlefield and Hennryhan's cross roads. For four miles cotton and tobacco were completely destroyed. Hail stones were very large and did great damage.

— Fayetteville *Observer*: About one o'clock this (Saturday) morning Roby Bryan shot Vina Freeman at the home of the latter on Mumford street. Bryan fled and has not been captured. The woman was shot through the back, the ball emerging from the abdomen. She is probably fatally hurt. The cause assigned for the shooting is that the woman refused to admit Bryan into her house.

— Greensboro *Telegram*: The Shipments of peaches from the Southern Pines orchards has begun. Mr. J. Van Lindley was in the city to-day and remarked to a Telegram man that he has a splendid crop at Southern Pines and that the shipping season is just opening. The shipment of black and dew berries has been on some time and Mr. Lindley says prices are good. He received checks to-day for his first sales and is well pleased with the result.

— Murfreesboro *Index*: Two negroes, Moses Deberry, who was sentenced to the penitentiary for five years at April term of court, and Jos. Manning, indicted for larceny, but who was at the last term of court adjudged as not having sufficient mental capacity to plead to the bill of indictment, made their escape from the jail at Winston on Wednesday of last week. They broke through the iron cell and made a hole through the brick wall large enough for our corpulent clerk to crawl through.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The negro woman, named Lizzie Mann, who was accidentally shot by Andrew Lane at the colored lawn festival on Thursday night, died this (Saturday) afternoon from the effects of the wound. It is a sad ending of the affair. The poor woman was shot accidentally, it is true, but Lane intended to kill the man he was shooting at, and as he was fortunate enough to get out of the way this innocent woman has to pay the penalty for Lane's rash conduct with her own life. Lane is now in jail to await the next term of Superior Court.

— Charlotte *News*: The farmers in and around Hebron, Griffiths and other points on the road to Pineville, were busy yesterday in the harvest fields. The hot sunshine of the past few days has ripened the grain very fast and while most of the farmers wished to hold off until next week they were afraid to risk it longer for fear of a wind or rain storm, which, at this time, would do great damage. —— Mr. James Vanderpelt, of Lemley's township was in the city to-day. He tells a *News* reporter that a severe hail storm visited his neighborhood Tuesday afternoon, doing great damage to the cotton crop. Mr. Vanderpelt's farm seems to have suffered more than any of the neighboring ones. His entire cotton crop, with the exceptions of ¼ an acre, was literally battered to pieces.

TWINKLINGS.

— "I wouldn't wear my hair down over my ears for anything." "Don't you admire the fashion?" Yes; but suppose some man should propose and I didn't hear him."

— Little Dick—"Papa, didn't you tell mama we must economize?" Papa—"I did, my son." Little Dick—"Well, I was thinking that if you'd get me a pony I wouldn't wear out quite so many shoes."—*Tit Bits.*

— "Mr. Jenkins, I've got an uncle, a brother and two cousins in this war." "I see; you're fixing to get off to a base ball game every time we hear rumors of a battle."

— Mary—"Rather a morose sort of man, isn't he?" Madge—"Yes; but his heart is in the right place." May—"How do you know that?" Madge—"He told me last night that I was in sole possession of it."—*Puck.*

— Mr. Skribbens (to new boy)—"I suppose you understand what your duties are here?" New Boy—"Sure. The super said that all I had to do was to hustle when old Skribbens was looking, and it would be all right."—*Boston Transcript.*

— "Don't your wife ever ask you to do shopping for her?" "Not since last week. Then she asked me to match a piece of ribbon at Lacey's, and I inquired if she had bought it of that pretty little curly-headed girl near the 'Steenth street entrance, and she said I needn't bother—she'd go herself."—*Puck.*

— First Family Man—"I like the Summer the best. There is no snow-shovelling, you now, and no furnace to take care of." Second Family Man—"There's something in that; but I think I prefer Winter. In the Winter, you know, you don't have to wet down the front yard or shove a lawn-mower."—*Boston Transcript.*

— He Knew It All—"What do you know about the newspaper business?" asked the editor. "I know all about it," replied the applicant for a job. "Then give me the three principal divisions of war news," said the editor. "Official news, semi-official news, and real news." Of course, he was put to work.—*Chicago Evening Post.*

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have been proven invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to the stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c. per box. Sold by R. R. Bellamy, Druggist. †

Bad management keeps more people in poor circumstances than any other one cause. To be successful one must look ahead and plan ahead so that when a favorable opportunity presents itself he is ready to take advantage of it. A little forethought will also save much expense and valuable time. A prudent and careful man will keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy in the house; the shiftless fellow will wait until necessity compels it and then ruin his best horse going for a doctor and have a big doctor bill to pay, besides; one pays out 25 cents, the other is out a hundred dollars, and then wonders why his neighbor is getting richer while he he is getting poorer. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

PUT IT ON BURDETTE.

HOW THE HUMORIST WAS MADE A SCAPEGOAT IN AMHERST.

The Pitfalls That Lie About a Champagne Supper In a Temperance Town—The Hotel Man Was a Good Fellow, and He Had to Be Saved at Any Cost.

"The discussion about the sale of liquors at the Princeton inn recalls an amusing experience that I had in a strictly temperance college town a dozen or more years ago," said a man at the University club. "Amherst was the college, and for several years it had been a prohibition town. The townspeople made a great effort to enforce the excise law very strictly, and there were times when they accused the college men of not being in sympathy with them. It is quite possible that the accusation had some foundation in fact. There are occasions, as every college man knows, when excise law must not be permitted to obstruct hospitality.

"We had a small class society in my senior year which was composed of several men from each of the regular fraternities, and it made a point of entertaining at supper such distinguished visitors as came to Amherst with the reputation of being good fellows. Bob Burdette, the humorist, was the last guest of the club. Burdette delivered a lecture at Amherst, and our senior society intimated that we should feel ourselves highly honored by his presence at a little supper after the lecture. Burdette sent back word that the pleasure would be his, and so the supper was ordered at a hotel then very popular with the students. The steward of the society was ordered to see that a reasonable amount of champagne should be near at hand in case Burdette or any one else was tempted to drink a glass.

"He was instructed not to compromise the proprietor of the hotel in any way because he was a good fellow, and a conviction of violating the excise law would bring a heavy fine and imprisonment on him. When the supper was served, Burdette was on hand, and so was the champagne. For obvious reasons the hotel waiters were not asked to serve the wine. When a bottle was called for, the man who sat at the head of the table opened the folding doors behind him, stuck his hand through and brought back a bottle. No one knew who had placed it in his hand or where the wine had been purchased, except the member of the society who had acted as the steward for this occasion.

"It was a pleasant little supper. Burdette told us some stories that were new, and we told him some that he had never heard. Incidentally the champagne disappeared in the way it was intended to go, and every one supposed that nothing further would be said about it. Burdette left town for the west the next morning, and a week later the men who had entertained him were surprised to receive subpœnas to appear at the trial of the hotel keeper on the charge of violating the excise law. It developed later that a livery stable keeper who had a grudge against the hotel man had given the information on which the complaint was based. We were very much bored about the affair, and it was decided that the hotel keeper must be protected. As a matter of fact, he was really innocent.

"When the case was called, the first witness summoned was a member of the society who hailed from Chicago. The prosecutor learned from him that a supper had been given at this hotel on the evening mentioned in the complaint to Mr. Burdette.

"'Was any wine served?' asked the prosecutor.

"'Yes.'

"'What was it?'

"'It looked and tasted very much like champagne.'

"'Where did it come from?'

"'Why, from behind the folding doors,' answered the Chicago man innocently.

"'Who put it there?'

"'I don't know. Perhaps Mr. Burdette did.'

"Another senior was called, and he couldn't testify definitely about the champagne.

"'Who brought it to the hotel?' asked the prosecutor.

"'Perhaps Mr. Burdette did,' was his reply.

"Ten more seniors were put on the stand, and as each one in turn suggested that Burdette was the wicked one the smiles in the courtroom broadened and the prosecutor got angry. By persistent questioning he brought out the fact that at least a dozen bottles of champagne had been emptied at this supper, and from the evidence a guileless listener might have concluded that Burdette had not only brought the champagne, but had drunk most of it. Every senior who testified seemed to be anxious to do what he could to clear up the mystery, and each one gave his evidence in an ingenuous fashion. There was no possibility of getting Burdette to testify, and the prosecution failed to prove its case. The complaint was dismissed.

"The story was too good to keep, however, and it went all over the country. Whenever Burdette was invited to a supper after a lecture, he was asked, 'Did you bring your champagne with you?' It so happened that three years after Burdette lectured in Kansas City. Half way through his lecture he saw one of the men who had entertained him at Amherst. He told the story of that experience in a pathetic fashion. After the lecture the Amherst man went up and shook hands with him.

"'Why did you all make me the scapegoat for that excise case?' asked Burdette, with an appreciative grin.

"'It was because we found after comparing notes that every story you told us that night was old,' was the reply.

"'Didn't you know that I was a church deacon?' asked Burdette.

"'That simply aggravated the offense and gave point to our retaliation,' said the Amherst man. He told me afterward that Burdette's left eyelid drooped until it lay dead on his cheek for half a minute, and then the conversation was turned. So far as I know, Burdette hasn't been back to Amherst since."—New York Sun.

Money Lent on Graves.

Strange as it may seem, I have repeatedly known money to be lent on the security of duly allotted spaces in cemeteries, said the managing director of a necropolis company.

Scores and hundreds of people long before their own deaths may be anticipated buy graveyard spaces. Some misfortune occurs, and even small sums in ready money become a pressing necessity. In some cases cemetery companies will buy back the space, but I well knew one man who made a specialty of advancing money on graves. Some burial places are far more in request than others—are fashionable if you like to put it in that way—and this man often made a great profit when he chanced to obtain full possession of a grave in such a place and upon which he had made an advance.

I am not unseldom approached by people who say: "I bought a grave at so-and-so, intending it for the family. What loan could I get upon it?"—Strand Magazine.

Mirth In the Mine.

A party of ladies and gentlemen exploring the depths of a celebrated mine, arranged that a lunch should be partaken of on the 1,500 foot level.

Four large baskets full of dainties, both liquid and substantial, were therefore lowered to the depths. Those descended first among a group of honest Cornish miners, delving on the 1,200 foot level, who, in the absence of any instruction, decided, after much discussion, that it must be a national holiday or something of the kind above ground and that this was a kindly little compliment from the owners.

They therefore fell to on the eatables with much energy. When the exhausted excursionists inquired for their refreshments, they discovered only the empty hampers and about 20 brawny miners, full of chicken salad, champagne, mashed ice and other things, dancing a Cornish breakdown.—Pearson's Weekly.

No Monotony.

According to the statement of the 10-year-old daughter of a Massachusetts clergyman, there are ways of making an old sermon seem almost new.

"Molly," said one of the friends of this young critic, "does your father ever preach the same sermon twice?"

"I think perhaps he does," returned Molly cautiously, "but I think he talks loud and soft in different places the second time, so it doesn't sound the same at all."—Youth's Companion.

"Judgment For Plaintiff."

An ambitious young lawyer paid his first visit to a country court holding its session not very far from New Orleans not long since, says The Times-Democrat. He went to represent a big railroad in a suit brought by a countryman to recover the value of an ox which departed this life in a vain attempt to hold up the limited mail.

The question before the court was one of identification, and the countryman had testified that he knew the ox by his color and the flesh marks.

The young city lawyer rose and with dignity said: "If your honor please, there can be no question that this witness has sworn falsely when he testified that an ox can be recognized by his color. I was a stenographer before I became a lawyer, and for two days, your honor (drawing out his notebook), I have taken a detailed description of every ox that passed the hotel, and I am prepared to swear as an expert that 'all oxen look alike to me.'"

"You are trifling with the dignity of this court, sir," sternly said the judge, "and I will fine"— "Hold on, judge," said the clerk. "There hain't been but one yoke of oxen in this town in a week. Old man Henley's been a-hauling wood, and the lawyer's been counting the same oxen over and over."

"Judgment for plaintiff," said the judge, and the city lawyer, glad to escape the wrath of his honor, took his departure, a sadder but wiser man.

The Greek Court.

The court of Greece must be an ideal court, since it knows of no such thing as a court set, and the queen at its head is completely identified with the common people.

Queen Olga spends much time in visiting the poor and mingling with all classes of people. The palace gardens, says a correspondent of London Truth, are thrown open two days in the week to the public. These gardens are in a shady grove, and any one who pleases may attend the military concerts given there.

It is hardly any wonder that many rich people have left the cities where they have made their fortunes and come to Athens to live, for there is no fashionable world there, but much pleasant intercourse. The king and queen visit them to acknowledge their patriotic gifts, but do not attempt to make them the nucleus of a court set. Decorations may be granted, but titles—never.

The writer says that civilization is latent in every man, woman and child in Greece, and that even the babies are extraordinarily intelligent. He asserts that there is more politeness to be met with in a wayside common cafe in Greece than in an English or even a French drawing room. It is left for the reader to decide whether this statement is intended as praise of Greek politeness or a criticism on the manners of the average Englishman and Frenchman.

Beats the Klondike.

Mr. A. C. Thomas, of Marysville, Texas, has found a more valuable discovery than has yet been made in the Klondike. For years he suffered untold agony from consumption, accompanied by hemorrhages; and was absolutely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds. He declares that gold is of little value in comparison with this marvellous cure; would have it, even if it cost a hundred dollars a bottle. Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung affections are positively cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Trial bottles free at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50 cents and $1.00. Guaranteed to cure or price refunded. †

Mr. P. Ketcham, of Pike City, Cal., says: "During my brother's late sickness from sciatic rheumatism, Chamberlain's Pain Balm was the only remedy that gave him any relief." Many others have testified to the prompt relief from pain which this liniment affords. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Wholesale Prices Current.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

BAGGING—		
2 ℔ Jute	@	6¾
Standard	@	7½
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ ℔	12 @	14
Sides ℔ ℔	@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6½ @	7¾
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ ℔	6¼ @	6¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔	@	6¼
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 10
New New York, each	@	1 20
New City, each	@	1 10
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	@	22
BRICKS—		
Wilmington ℔ M	5 00 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina ℔ ℔	15 @	18
Northern	18 @	25
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	53
Virginia Meal	@	53
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle	80 @	85
CANDLES—℔ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	8 @	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	@	11
State	10½ @	12
COFFEE—℔ ℔—		
Laguyra	12 @	16
Rio	8 @	10
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	@	10
FISH—		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl.	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl.	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	@	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	@	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5 @	10
" Extra	4 35 @	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—		
Low grade	@	4 75
Choice	@	5 75
Straight	@	6 25
First Patent	@	7 00
GLUE—℔ ℔	7½ @	8½
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bgs—White	@	55
Car load, in bags—White	@	54
Oats, from store	@	42½
Oats, Rust Proof	@	45
Cow Peas	@	90
HIDES—℔ ℔—		
Green	@	8
Dry	@	12
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—		
Clover Hay	80 @	85
Rice Straw	@	50
Eastern	@	90
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	1¾ @	2
LARD, ℔ ℔—		
Northern	7¼ @	7¾
North Carolina	6 @	10½
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15 @	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, com'n	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
Barbadoes, in hogshead	@	26
Barbadoes, in barrels	@	28
Porto Rico, in hogsheads	@	27
Porto Rico, in barrels	@	28
Sugar-House, in hogsheads	12 @	14
Sugar-House, in barrels	14 @	15
Syrup, in barrels	12 @	15
NAILS, ℔ keg, Cut, 60d basis	1 40 @	1 50
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	11 50 @	12 50
Rump	@	12 00
Prime	@	11 50
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10 @	22
SALT, ℔ sack Alum	@	1 10
Liverpool	@	70
Lisbon	@	
American	@	70
On 125 ℔ Sacks	@	45
SHINGLES, 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00 @	6 50
Common	1 60 @	2 25
Cypress Saps	2 50 @	3 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Gran'd	5½ @	5¾
Standard A	@	5½
White Extra C	@	5
Extra C, Golden	@	4¾
C, Yellow	@	4½
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3¼ @	4
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. barrel	6 00 @	14 00
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	@	9 00
Mill, Prime	@	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	6 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	5 50
Inferior to Ordinary	@	5 00
SHINGLES, N. C. Cypress sawed		
℔ M 6x24 heart	7 50 @	8 50
" Sap	5 00 @	6 00
5x24 Heart	4 50 @	5 00
" Sap	3 00 @	4 00
6x24 Heart	6 00 @	7 00
" Sap	5 00 @	6 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	@	6
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon—Northern	1 00 @	2 00
North Carolina	1 00 @	2 00
WOOL ℔ ℔—Unwashed	8 @	15

SOMETHING NEW

5¢

Large package of the world's best cleanser for a nickel. Still greater economy in 4-pound package. All grocers. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, June 6.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Market steady at 25 cents per gallon for machine-made casks and 25½ cents for country casks.

ROSIN.—Market steady at 95 cts per bbl for Strained and $1.00 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1.10 per bbl of 280 ℔s.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quiet at $1.00 per barrel for Hard, $1.60 for Dip, and $1.70 for Virgin.

Quotations same day last year.—Spirits turpentine steady, 25¼c, 24¼c; rosin steady, $1.25, $1.30; tar quiet, $1.00; crude turpentine steady, $1.30, $1.80, $1.90.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	178
Rosin	501
Tar	64
Crude Turpentine	46

Receipts same day last year.—122 casks spirits turpentine, 358 bbls rosin, 121 bbls tar, 40 bbls crude turpentine.

COTTON.

Market steady on a basis of 6⅛c per pound for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	3 11-16	cts. ℔ ℔.
Good Ordinary	5	" "
Low Middling	5 11-16	" "
Middling	6⅛	" "
Good Middling	6⅜	" "

Same day last year, middling 7⅛c.

Receipts—3 bales; same day last year, 1.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

PEANUTS—North Carolina—Prime, 50@55c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 60c; Fancy, 65. Virginia—Extra Prime, 65c; Fancy, 70c.

CORN—Firm; 55@57½ cents per bushel.

ROUGH RICE—$1.00@1.05 per bushel.

N. C. BACON—steady; hams 8 to 9c per pound; shoulders, 6 to 7c; sides, 7 to 8c.

SHINGLES—Per thousand, five inch, hearts and saps, $1.60 to $2.25; six inch, $2.25 to 3.25; seven inch, $5.50 to 6.50.

TIMBER—Market steady at $2.50 to $6.50 per M.

FINANCIAL MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Money on call steady at 1¼@1½ per cent., last loan being at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3¼@4¼ per cent. Sterling exchange firm; actual business in bankers' bills 486¼@486½ for demand; 484⅛@484¼ for sixty days. Posted rates 485@487. Commercial bills 483½@483⅝. Silver certificates 59⅛@61. Bar silver 58⅛, uncertain. Mexican dollars 45⅛. Government bonds were quoted weak; U. S. new 4's, registered 123@124; do. coupon, 123@124; U. S. 4's 108@108½; do. coupon, 110@112; U. S. 2's, 95; U. S. 5's, registered 110⅞@111⅞; do. 5's, coupon, 110⅞@111⅛. State bonds dull; N. C. 6's 124; 4's 103.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Rosin steady; strained, common to good, $1 42½@1 45. Spirits turpentine dull at 27½@28c.

CHARLESTON, June 6.—Spirits turpentine dull at 25½c; no sales. Rosin firm and unchanged; no sales.

SAVANNAH, June 6.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25¼c bid; sales 329 casks; receipts 1,537 casks. Rosin firm; sales 3,280 barrels; receipts—barrels; A, B, C $1 00, D $1 05, E $1 10, F $1 20, G $—, H $1 45, I $1 45, K $1 50, M $1 50, N $1 70, W G $1 75, W W $1 85.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Absence of important developments in the crop situation over Sunday, cables reporting stagnant markets at Liverpool and indications generally pointing to a decisive move in the Spanish-American trouble tended to make both bulls and bears extremely cautious in to-day's cotton market, and had the effect of intimidating outside speculative interest to the extent that very few orders were received and even these were at limits which prohibited their execution. The close was quiet and steady with prices unchanged to five points net higher. Total sales 23,000 bales.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Cotton dull; middling 6⅛c.

Futures closed quiet and steady; sales 23,000 bales: June 6.38c, July 6.41c, August 6.45c, September 6.32c, October 6.32c, November 6.32c, December 6.35c, January 6.38c; February 6.41c; March 6.45c.

Spot cotton closed dull; middling uplands 6⅛c; middling gulf 6⅜c; sales 600 bales.

Net receipts 9 bales; gross receipts 780 bales; exports to France 670 bales; exports to the Continent 5,625 bales; forwarded 330 bales; sales 600 bales; sales to spinners — bales; stock 126,880 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 6,721 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,500 bales; exports to France 670 bales; exports to the Continent 9,275 bales; stock 414,722 bales.

Consolidated—Net receipts 11,187 bales; exports to Great Britain 9,811 bales; exports to France 670 bales; exports to the Continent 16,373 bales.

Total since September 1st—Net receipts 8,386,374 bales; exports to Great Britain 3,340,174 bales; exports to France 804,351 bales; exports to the Continent 2,837,378 bales.

June 4.—Galveston, steady at 6c, net receipts 133 bales; Norfolk, steady at 6⅛c, net receipts 170 bales; Baltimore, nominal at 6⅝c, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 6½c, net receipts 984 bales; Wilmington, steady at 6⅛c, net receipts 3 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 6⅜c, net receipts 100 bales; Savannah, steady at 6c, net receipts 871 bales; New Orleans, quiet at 6 1-16c, net receipts 3,647 bales; Mobile, nominal at 5 15-16c, net receipts 8 bales; Memphis, steady at 6c, net receipts 464 bales; Augusta, steady at 6¼, net receipts 3 bales; Charleston, nominal at —c, net receipts 78 bales.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Flour was dull and weak at 10@15c decline from Saturday; Minnesota patents $6 15@6 60. Wheat—Spot weak; No. 2 red 1 10 f. o. b.; options opened heavy and were weak all day, closing 3½@7c net lower, latter on July; active foreign selling, prompted by peace rumors and supplemented by bearish statistics, weak cables and fine crop news were the features; No. 2 red July closed 95¼c; September closed 80½c; December closed 79¼. Corn-spot weak; No. 2 38@38¼c; options were weak all day from the effect of liquidation, heavy world's shipments, declines abroad and the break in wheat; closed 1@1⅛c net lower; July closed 36½c; September closed 37½c; December closed 37⅞c. Oats—Spot weak; No. 2 30c; options inactive and weak, closing ½c net lower; July closed 29½c. Lard weak; Western steam $6 27½; July $6 27, nominal; refined weak. Pork weak; mess $11 00@11 25; short clear $12 25@14 00; family $12 50@13 00. Butter firm; Western creamery 13¼@16c; do. factory 10½@12½c; Elgins 16c; imitation creamery 12@14c; State dairy 12½@15½c. Cheese steady; large white 6¼@6⅝. Petroleum dull; United closed with no market; Philadelphia and Baltimore $6 10; do. in bulk $3 60c. Rice firm. Cotton seed oil quiet; prime crude 21½@22c; do. summer yellow 25¼@26c. Cabbage quiet, Southern 40@75. Coffee—Spot Rio steady; No. 7 invoice 6⅛c; No. 7 jobbing 6⅝c; mild dull; Cordova 8½@15⅛. Sugar—raw firm; fair refining 3⅛c; centrifugal 96 test 4 5-16c; sales 2,800 bags centrifugal 96 test at 4 5-16; refined firm.

CHICAGO, June 6.—Fine crop outlook, lower Liverpool cables and bearish statistics depressed wheat to-day. June closed with a loss of 2½c. and September 2⅛@2⅛c. Corn left off ⅜c., and oats ⅛@⅛c. lower. Pork declined 32½c., lard 12½c. and ribs 10c.

CHICAGO, June 5.—Cash quotations: Flour dull. Wheat—No. 2 spring $1 00@1 05; No. 3 spring 95c@$1 10; No. 2 red 109. Corn—No. 2 32c. Oats—No. 2 25½c; No. 2 white free on board, 28½@29c. No. 3 white, free on board, 27½c. Rye—No. 2 47c. Mess pork, per bbl., $10 35@1@10 40. Lard, per 100 ℔s., $6 97½@7 00. Short rib sides, loose, $5 50@5 90. Dry salted shoulders, boxed, $5 00@5 25. Short clear sides, boxed, $6 00@6 20.

The leading futures ranged as follows, opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 June $1 09, 10 9, 1 08, 1 08; July 89½, 90⅛, 88c, 88⅛c; September 77¾, 77⅛, 75⅞, 76c. Corn—June 31⅛, 31⅜, 31,37; July 32⅛, 33⅛, 31⅛, 31⅜; September 33⅛, 33⅛, 31⅛, 32⅝. Oats—July 23⅞, 24, 23⅛, 23⅜c; September 21, 21⅛, 20⅞, 20⅞c. Pork, per bbl.—July $10 50, 10 55, 10 27½, 10 35; September $11 60, 10 72½, 10 45, 10 50. Lard, per 100 ℔s.—July $6 02½, 6 02½, 5 92½, 5 97½; September $6 07½, 6 12½, 6 05, 6 05. Ribs, per 100 ℔s.—July $5 67½, 5 70, 5 65, 5 65; September $5 77½, 5 80, 5 72½, 5 75.

BALTIMORE, June 6.—Flour dull; Western superfine $3.50@3.75. Wheat steady at the decline; spot $1.10½@1.10¾; month $1.05 bid; July 92c asked; August 89c asked; Southern wheat by sample $1.05@1.11⅛. Corn weak; spot and month 35¾@35⅞c; July 35¾@36c; September 36⅛@37c; Southern white and yellow corn 36@37c. Oats dull; No. 2 33½@34c. Lettuce $1.25@1.50 per basket.

FOREIGN MARKET.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, June 6, 4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot in moderate demand and prices unchanged. American middling 3 9-16d. The sales of the day were 7,000 bales, of which 300 were for speculation and export and included 6,600 American. Receipts 14,000 bales, including 12,300 American. Futures opened dull with a poor demand and closed dull and inactive. American middling (l m c): June 3 32-64@3 33-64d seller; June and July 3 32-64@3 33-64d seller; July and August 3 32-64@3 33-64d buyer; August and September 3 32-64@3 33-64d seller; October and November 3 30-64@3 31-64d seller; November and December 3 29-64@3 30-64d seller; December and January 3 29-64@3 30-64d seller; January and February 3 29-64@3 30-64d seller; February and March 3 30-64d buyer; March and April 3 31-64d seller.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr Driver, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

CLEARED.

Stmr Driver, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., June 7, 1898.

SCHOONERS.

Nimrod, 257 tons, Green, J T Riley & Co.
Roger Moore, 277 tons, Miller, Jas T Riley & Co.
Nellie Floyd, 435 tons, Nielsen, Heide & Co.
Robert W Dasey, 339 tons, Hunter, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARGES.

Carrie L Tyler, 538 tons, Jones, Navassa Guano Co.

BARQUES.

Ore (Nor), 574 tons, Ostensen, Paterson, Downing & Co.

BRIGS.

Sullivan, 294 tons, Allen, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

— La Fiancee—"I can't bake bread, but I can make angel's food." Le Fiance—"How nice—and we'll live in one of my air castles."—*New York Herald.*

DUCRO'S ALIMENTARY ELIXIR

Is highly recommended as a remedy for lung diseases and as a preventive for typhoid, malarial, and all kinds of fevers. Agents: E. FOUGERA & CO., New York.

AN OPEN LETTER
To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, *of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of* "CASTORIA," *the same that has borne and does now bear* ______ *on every the fac-simile signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrapper. This is the original* "CASTORIA" *which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years.*

LOOK CAREFULLY *at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought* Chas. H. Fletcher *on the ... has the signature of* Chas. H. Fletcher *wrap-... No one has authority from me to use my name except ...entaur Company, of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.*

...ch 24, 1898. Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which *even he* does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

At the College of Wit.

"The rules for the manufacture of humor," said the professor, "are very simple—that is, of course, some kinds of humor. Ordinary comic paper humor may be made by taking a plain statement of fact or a plain statement of something that isn't fact—in fact, any old statement—and misspelling it. It's the simplest thing in the world. If you refer to the man in the moon and spell it that way, it is just plain, ordinary, dull prose, but if you make it read 'the mann in the mune' it is nothing less than bright, scintillating wit."

Shortly thereafter the professor was promoted to the department of magazine humor, where nothing but age counts.—Chicago Post.

Barometric Pressure.

The barometric pressure decreases as we ascend at the rate of about an inch for every 1,000 feet of elevation. At a height of 16,000 feet the rate of decrease is about an inch for every 1,500 feet of elevation, and the proportion of decrease becomes greater at greater heights. At a height of 18,000 feet the pressure is about one-half of what it is at the sea level—that is to say, the air at that elevation is only one-half as heavy as it is at the sea level.—Philadelphia Times.

Beware of Imitations

LEA & PERRINS' The Original & Genuine Worcestershire SAUCE

JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, AGENTS, NEW YORK.

jan4 1y tu

A SAVORY ODOR FROM A ROAST OF BEEF

from our prime, rich and juicy ribs, porterhouse or sirloin, that would almost call Lucullus back to life, arises when it is taken from the oven. There is nothing more tempting than a fine, juicy roast of beef, or thick, tender steak, when we cut it and prepare it for your table.

I. B. RHODES.

my 27 tf

ORDERS.

We Are Filling Orders for

Patent Flour,
Straight Flour,
Clear Flour,
Meal, White Corn,

FROM CARS AT R. R.

No delay in filling orders for anything in our line.

D. McEACHERN,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant.

my 4 tf

Cut Price

This Week on the Best

Cream Cheese

12 1-2 Cents a Pound.

Now is the time. The Unlucky Corner is the place for lots of bargains like the above.

S. W. SANDERS.

my 31 tf

BIG G — CURE YOURSELF! CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

IF WE KNOW.

When the year has found its freedom from the bondage of the frost
And the memories of winter in a tide of life are lost,
Then the heart awakes to answer nature's impulse and rejoice
If we know her hidden meanings and the music of her voice.

There are voices in the tree tops—we may hear them as we pass.
There are whisperings of summer in the springing of the grass.
There's a noble sweep of triumph where the hawk is on the wing,
And the perfume of the lilac is the spirit of the spring.

Oh, the pulsing warmth of waking, how it permeates the air!
'Tis the anodyne of hope that steals the bitterness from care.
We may lay aside our burdens in the glory of our choice
If we win the heart of nature and will hearken to her voice.

—Harper's Bazar.

PAT AND THE ADMIRAL.

A Smoke Which Did Not Get the Laborer Into Trouble.

A strict rule promulgated by every successive commandant at the navy yard prohibits smoking on Mare island under the most stringent penalties. Admiral Miller, sauntering one afternoon through a distant part of the island, came upon an Irish laborer digging a trench and smoking a short black pipe. He was puffing away serenely, unconscious of regulations, and with evident enjoyment. The admiral, who was in undress uniform, stopped.

"Don't you know, sir, that smoking is absolutely prohibited in the navy yard?" he said.

The Irishman looked up and, with a kindly smile, answered:

"Indade that's thrue, but here am I be meself, wid not a sowl to say a wurrud to, and I thought I'd take a puff or two to relave the silence."

"The regulations are explicit, sir," rebuked the admiral, "and the silence does not excuse you. What's your name, sir?"

"And who may ye be anyway?" asked the Irishman.

"I'm Admiral Miller, sir."

"Ah, 'tis the new admiral ye are. 'Tis the fat job ye have, admiral. Be careful to kape it. Me name's Pat McGinnis."

"Report at my office this afternoon without fail, McGinnis," said Miller, who could hardly keep from laughing. At 5 o'clock poor Patrick, who had made up his mind there would be the devil to pay, tramped over to headquarters, and the orderly ushered him into the dreaded presence of the admiral, who said:

"Sit down, Pat."

Pat sat down. Miller touched a bell. The orderly appeared.

"Bring a bottle of champagne and two glasses," he said.

Not a word was spoken until the wine arrived. The admiral filled the two glasses and pushed one over toward the Irishman.

"Pat," he said, "give me the pipe. You'll not need it again."

The mystified laborer obeyed.

"Now," said the admiral, "drink hearty, Pat, but you'll keep your job as long as I keep mine."

Nor is this the first situation saved by Irish wit.—San Francisco Wave.

DEER MICE AS PETS.

They Were Delighted With a Home In a Cocoanut Shell.

In St. Nicholas G. Rafael O'Reilly tells of a couple of queer pets that he caught in the woods. The writer says:

While rambling one evening in the woods I sat down on a rock close by a shaded bank all overgrown with soft green moss and feathery ferns. Not far away there was an ancient tree stump, with a hole running in underneath it, and what should I see peeping out from the hole, but the head of a little reddish brown animal. At first sight I took it to be a chipmunk. Its large, black eyes seemed full of apprehension, and as I moved it drew back out of sight.

On rolling over the stump, I discovered beneath it some withered grass carefully rolled into a globular nest. Cautiously drawing my handkerchief around this, I tied it up, with whatever it contained, and hurried homeward with my treasure. On emptying the handkerchief into a box covered with wire gauze, I found that I had captured two beautifully delicate and elegant creatures, somewhat larger than mice. Their fur was thick and soft, a rich velvet of reddish brown on the back and snowy white beneath. Their feet also were white. But their chief beauty lay in their eyes—great, black, liquid orbs half protruding from the head. No gazelle ever had eyes half so lovely.

They soon became quite tame, and without showing any fear would allow me to put my hand into their cage to give them fruits and berries. They carried their nest into a corner of the cage and reconstructed it there.

After about two weeks I procured a large cocoanut, sawed it in two, and taking one-half of it, made in it a little doorway. When I put this into their cage, turned mouth down, they seemed to go wild with the excitement of delight. In and out they ran through the little doorway a hundred times in succession. Sometimes they would jump up on top of the cocoanut and survey it all over, and then, after "washing their faces" with their delicate white paws, jump down and again run inside. Soon they made up their minds to take possession of it as their home. Their nest in the corner they pulled to pieces and carried it off mouthful by mouthful into the little cocoanut hut. There they have lived ever since.

During the daytime they sleep, but when evening comes on they busy themselves running and jumping about the cage, and they have never once in three years tried to gnaw their way out.

Trophies of Victory.

"What are all those ribbons hanging on the chandelier?"

"Those are not ribbons. They are neckties I've pulled off different men when I was learning to ride a wheel."—Chicago Record.

THE FALLING STARS.

MURAT HALSTEAD RECALLS A GREAT EVENT OF HIS BOYHOOD.

He Tells In Picturesque Language of What He Saw on a Night In 1833, When He Was Only 4 Years of Age—A Supper of Squirrels' Brains and What Followed.

I am of the few who can speak as eyewitnesses of "the night of the falling stars," Nov. 12-13, 1833. Those who beheld the wonders of that time were dazed by the awful splendors and long spoke of them as of some majestic, supernatural vision. My age was 4 years and 9 months, my point of observation a valley in southwestern Ohio. One of the treasures of our house was an astronomical atlas, with mysterious maps of the constellations, over which my parents pondered, and the strange animals drawn among the stars were figures the more incomprehensible the more they were explained. My parents were much given to studying the clouds by day and the stars by night, and one of my earliest recollections is that they would call each other's attention to celestial phenomena, so that I was something of a "star gazer" myself and knew when a 4-year-old about Job's coffin and Orion's belt, the seven stars, the dipper, the north star and the star of the morning and evening.

My father the day before the memorable night had "killed a mess of young squirrels," and, out of deference to me, had not shot them as a marksman should—through the head—for my favorite diet was squirrels' brains. My passion for this dainty dish was indulged at supper, and during the night I disturbed the house shouting for alleviation of sharp pains, resulting from too much brains—in my inexperienced stomach. My mother, aroused, saw a strange light glaring at the windows, and, lo, it was evident enough the universe was afire! My father seldom allowed anything to astonish him, but that did. If he had not seen it, he would not have believed it, and yet he did not think the last hours of the globe we inhabit had come and "the judgment" was at hand.

The hour was after midnight, and how long the stars had been falling could not be ascertained. It was very good of my parents to think it worth while to have me take part as a watchman of the tremendous illumination just to see whether I could remember it as long as I lived. I have so far, clearly, as if it had happened a few days ago, and it is 64 years! My face was washed to clear my eyes from tears, perhaps, and, wrapped in a blanket, I was carried into the yard on the north side of the house. The view to the north was somewhat obstructed by a wild cherry tree. Eastward was a low hill covered with hickory, maple, walnut and sassafras trees, and that was where the morning star peeped through the lofty fringe of naked boughs and trunks of the trees in the winter.

Special attention was given to pointing things out for me to fix in my memory, and the amazing scene is before me now, though that was long before photography. I do not recollect that I looked westward at all. Observation of the east fascinated me, and I do not think I turned my face in any other direction. There were innumerable lines of light, drawn as if by invisible pencils with points of fire; strangely straight lines sweeping from near the zenith to the horizon. My clear impression is there were no cross lines; that there seemed to be a monstrous stream of fiery hair, a vivid blending of sun and moonlight, pouring from a stupendous, exhaustless urn, some of the bright lines fading as they swept far down, fainting into the serene depths of the sky. There was a certain majestic serenity about the exalted conflagration. My parents were not alarmed or greatly agitated, but enjoying every moment. I recall their low tones and some of their exclamations of surprise and admiration. All the boys and girls of the house were called, and they wanted to know whether it was really the stars that were falling, and my father reassured them by the rather unsatisfactory statement: "No. It's nothing but meteors." How it happened there was such a flood of them was a matter not deeply gone into. The idea that a comet had exploded and our world was whirling through the dust left floating in the abyss of space was not at once evolved, and it was some time before our weekly papers mentioned that there had been other startling showers of meteors; that this thing happened several times and might and probably would again.

The silence that attended the dazzling display, the apparent flight of all the stars from their courses, the mighty movement, inexpressive save in the swift darting of celestial arrows that flashed into space and made no sound, most impressed the beholders, and was always mentioned as something mystical—an apparition of glory inconceivable. It was insubstantial as the northern lights, and yet what more could happen after one had seen the vault of heaven incandescent, with a thousand streams of pale lightning all still as the frost that glistened on the grass. The dome of the edifice in which the world is as a toy was the fountain from which sped sheaves of long drawn shafts of light, as if some sudden volcano in the blue had sent forth a radiant array of spectral spears, putting out the stars. The commotion among the people in some country neighborhoods was as if warning had been given that the day of burning worlds was at hand.

It was a relief to the watchers—my eyes were soon weary of the fireworks, and so I have only hearsay for it—when the first cold white, then rosy, light of morning came, and it was seen the hills had not skipped, and that the brooks babbled on in their accustomed way, and the chickens that had cackled and crowed and given signs of apprehension on their roosts, came down and found the earth as they had left it the evening before, and the farmers set forth as usual to husk corn in the fields. When the evening shades fell once more, the veil of the meteors had vanished, and there were gladness and gratitude that the majestical overhanging firmament was still there, fretted with the golden fires of the familiar stars.—Murat Halstead in Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

The Crater of Kilauea.

You step out on the crust of the rolling sea of rounded and hardened lava billows beside your path, and the surface crackles under your feet like the snow crust on a crisp winter morning. Its glittering, iridescent colors please the eye and tempt you to carry away a veritable load of the sparkling, glassy pieces. Here and there, even at a distance from the edge, the fern spores have taken root and relieve the eye with their graceful waving fronds—and this on a soil like glass and formed no one knows how long ago, though its surface appears as fresh as if laid down yesterday.

On you go, punching the crust in front of you vigorously with a staff to determine whether it is safe or not, until finally, after about 200 yards of such material has been crossed, you reach the rounded edge of the caldron itself, perhaps after some slight scares and probably getting your staff on fire once or twice.

Here you pause for a moment to pick out a way up the side, which varies in height from 10 to 30 feet, and is composed of masses of slag of all sizes, joined together by lava which has forced its way out between the blocks. Here and there you notice that through some of the larger openings the white hot fluid is running out upon the floor and often in quantities which would make an ordinary blast furnace blush with shame. Here you can study on a small scale all the phenomena of a lava flow—the formation of the crust, the fissures and many other phenomena. At length you pass, by a few steps, to the rim, and there before you is the sea of lava in all its terrible brilliancy.—Harper's Magazine.

Mistaken For the Lord.

Recently a parachutist gave several exhibitions of his daring skill at Glasgow. One afternoon a strong wind carried his balloon rapidly away, and it was some time before he could make a descent. He touched mother earth at a moorland spot near a farmhouse, and an old man stood close by staring in blank amazement. He had seen the gaudily dressed being drop down from the clouds.

"What place is this?" asked the parachutist in an authoritative tone.

The old man reverently knelt down and clasped his hands together, and his voice trembled with fervent emotion as he answered:

"Good Lord, this is the parish of Carnwath."—Harper's Round Table.

The Family Table.

Confucius many years ago advised his disciples thus: "Eat at your own table as you would eat at the table of a king." There are many reasons for the observance of some formality at the daily board. How otherwise are the children in the family to learn the correct usages of good society in this respect? To allow a child to demand and obtain his roast while the other members of the family are taking their soup is to create in him an impatience of restraint and to deprive him of the due appreciation of things done decently and in order. No matter how simple the dinner, it is well to have it in courses and with the accompaniments of careful serving and dainty table appointments. The house furnishers show as attractive patterns in the cheaper as the more expensive ware. It takes only a little seeking to furnish the table with dishes of dainty design. Says a sensible writer, "A meal served on the bias is not an aid to digestion."

Gems and Color.

Among the maladies common to all gems of color is one which arises from exposure to the light for a long period. They lose color. The colors of the emerald, sapphire and ruby are as nearly permanent as possible, but experiments made a few years ago in Berlin and Paris showed these stones suffered by exposure to the light, and a ruby shown two years in a shop window was many shades lighter than its mate which had been kept in darkness.

Where It Doesn't Work.

"Don't tell me that the man who does the biggest blowing always gets to the front."

"Mention an instance in which this has not been the case."

"Have you ever seen the tuba player leading a brass band?"—Cleveland Leader.

I was seriously affected with a cough for several years, and last Fall had a more severe cough than ever before. I have used many remedies without receiving much relief, and being recommended to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy by a friend who, knowing me to be a poor widow, gave it to me, I tried it, and with the most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved me very much and the second bottle has absolutely cured me. I have not had as good health for twenty years. Respectfully, MRS. MARY A. BEARD, Claremont, Ark. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

For Over Fifty Years.

MRS. WINSLOW' SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by Druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other. †

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

BOTTOM FACTS

In the Maine investigation make startling News.

The bottom facts in connection with our hard ware stock reveal the largest assortment and lowest prices for quality to be found anywhere. Everything comprised in the term of "Hard ware," all of the best quality and marked at prices admitting of no argument. Dealers can here find the best source of supply for their wants.

Purchases delivered at depots without expense, and patron's interest carefully looked after.

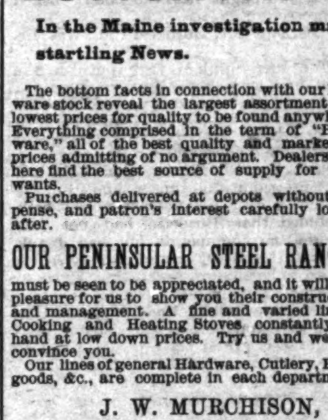
OUR PENINSULAR STEEL RANGES

must be seen to be appreciated, and it will be a pleasure for us to show you their construction and management. A fine and varied line of Cooking and Heating Stoves constantly on hand at low down prices. Try us and we will convince you.

Our lines of general Hardware, Cutlery, Brass goods, &c., are complete in each department

J. W. MURCHISON,

mar 30 tf ORTON BUILDING.



A Fresh Supply of All Kinds of Duttenhofer's and Mundell's

FINE SHOES.

JUST RECEIVED.

Look in Our Show Window.

We invite the Ladies especially to try the Shoes.

We keep at the same old place, 63½ steps east from corner of Front and Princess streets.

MERCER & EVANS.

ap 17 tf

FOR SALE

Desirable Tract of Land

Situated on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad,

Three miles south of Jacksonville, N. C., contains 813 acres, of which 200 are cleared and will grow corn, cotton, peanuts and rice. Straw berries and four varieties of blackberries grow on it spontaneously. Soil also excellent for tobacco and potatoes.

The remaining 613 acres are well timbered with pine, ash, oak, hickory and juniper. Eight to ten thousand juniper poles can be cut from the wooded portion now.

Plantation bounded by navigable water for one and one-half miles. On the banks of the stream are reeds upon which one hundred cattle can feed themselves through the winter. TITLE IS CLEAR.

For further information, address

THE MORNING STAR, Wilmington, N. C.

my 23 tf

For Stock.

Hay, Oats, Corn, Peas,

Bran and Wheat Meadlings.

Sugars, Coffee, Flour, Molasses &c., &c.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets.

my 7 tf

When You Wish to Talk Stoves and Ranges Just Bear In Mind Buck Goods Are the Finest and Best Made In America

This may sound extravagant, but we can make good every word of it. We also have a large line of other STOVES from the cheapest up.

Wm. E. Springer & Co., Gen'l Agts.

The Morning Star.

THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

CHEAPEST DAILY OF ITS CLASS.

Note the following Reduced Rates of Subscription:

One Year, by Mail,	$5.00
Six Months, by Mail,	2.50
Three Months, by Mail,	1.25
Two Months, by Mail,	1.00
One Month, by Mail,	.50

DELIVERED, BY CARRIERS, TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS AT 45 CENTS PER MONTH.

Address,

WM. H. BERNARD,
Editor and Proprietor,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Statement of Atlantic National Bank, Wilmington, N. C.

At the close of Business May 5th, 1898, Condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.			LIABILITIES.		
Loans		$534,022 29	Capital		$125,000 00
Overdrafts		57 27	Surplus	$60,000 00	
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds (at par)		40,100 00	Undivided profits	18,597 06	78,597 06
Banking House and Fixtures		10,000 00	Circulation		36,000 00
Due from other Banks	$173,132 12		Total Deposits		622,053 04
Cash on hand	104,318 42	277,450 54			
Total		$861,630 10	Total		$816,630 10

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT:

	May 5, '96.	May 5, '97.	May 5, 98.
Total Deposits	$545,000	$556,000	$662,000
Surplus and Net Profits	57,800	68,700	78,500
Bills Payable and Re discounts	NONE.	NONE.	NONE.

Dividends paid—6 per cent. per annum.

Last Instalment of Capital paid in October, 1892. my 13 tf

NOW IS THE TIME TO MAKE YOUR DEPOSITS IN

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Company,

The Strongest Strictly Savings Bank in North Carolina.

All deposits made on or before Wednesday, June 1st, begin to draw interest on that date at rate of 4 per cent. per annum. my 26 tf

REDUCED RATES IN MAY

The Seaboard Air Line announces the following Reduced Rates for Special Occasions to take place in May.

BALTIMORE, MD.

Quadrennial Conference of the M. E. Church, South.

Rate of one fare for the round trip, tickets on sale May 2nd-4th, with final limit May 31st.

NEW ORLEANS, LA.

National Order of Elks.

Rate of one fare for the round trip, tickets on sale May 7th-9th, with final limit of fifteen days.

General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of the U. S.

Rate of one fare for the round trip, tickets on sale May 17th-19th, with final limit to June 4th.

NORFOLK, VA.

Southern Baptist and Auxiliary Conventions.

Rate of one fare for the round trip, tickets on sale May 2nd-6th, with final limit of fifteen days.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Twentieth of May Celebration of the Mecklenburg Declaration of Independence.

Rate of one fare for the round trip, tickets on sale May 16th-19th, and one cent per mile travelled from points within a radius of two hundred miles; tickets on sale 18th-19th with final limit May 23rd.

Reunion of Confederate Veterans.

Rate of one cent per mile travelled, tickets on sale May 18th-19th with final limit May 23rd.

For full information in regard to these rates call on or address any Agent of the Seaboard Air line or write to

T. J. ANDERSON,
General Passenger Agent,
Portsmouth, Va.

ap 8 tf

BARBADOES MOLASSES

Of Our Own Importation Now on Hand and New Crop to Arrive.

We carry all grades, styles and prices.

THE WORTH COMPANY

ap 7 tf

Jackson Springs Hotel.

Read Carefully what the Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, Corresponding Secretary of the Baptist Young People's Union of the South, says:

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 12, 1897.

H. E. Thompson, West End, N. C.:

DEAR SIR:—A month ago you sent me a box of the Jackson Springs Water—twelve bottles. You know how fearfully I was suffering with an acute bladder trouble some weeks before. When I reached home I found the water awaiting me. I have rested and drank that water. I am a new man—my old self practically; my appetite restored; and the tenderness in the bladder has disappeared. I think it is a wonderful water. I had been using for weeks before all sorts of lithia water, but the Jackson Springs Water went to the spot.

With profound gratitude, I am,

Yours, Respectfully, &c.,

CALVIN S. BLACKWELL.

The Doctor further says, it is "the best, I think, God has let run out of the earth for afflicted humanity."

This Water is unsurpassed for Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Insomnia, Nervous Prostration, or any Kidney, Bladder or Stomach Trouble.

Packed for Shipping.

This valuable Water is packed for shipping purposes, one dozen half-gallon bottles to the case. It has permanently cured hundreds who have found it inconvenient to visit the Springs.

For prices and further particulars, address

H. E. THOMPSON,

my 12 tf West End, Moore Co., N. C.

SEABOARD AIR LINE S.A.L. — VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS. DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Schedule in Effect May 8, 1898.

TO ALL POINTS

North, South and Southwest.

Train 41—Leaves Wilmington 3:20 p. m., leaves Lumberton 5:26 p.m., Pembroke 5:46 p. m., Maxton 6:12 p. m., Laurinburg 6:23 p. m., Hamlet 6:53 p. m., Wadesboro 8:11 p. m., Monroe 9:12 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m. Connects at Monroe with train 41 for Atlanta, and and at Hamlet with train 402 for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington and points North.

Train 41—Leaves Portsmouth 9:30 a. m., leaves Weldon 11:55 a. m., Raleigh 3:40 p. m., Sanford 5:05 p. m., Hamlet 6:56 p. m., Athens 3:43 a. m., and Atlanta 5:20 a. m.

Train 403—Leaves Washington 4:40 p. m., Richmond 8:56 p. m., Portsmouth 8:45 p. m., leaves Weldon 11:28 p. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Sanford 3:38 a. m., Hamlet 5:07 a. m., Rockingham 5:23 a. m., Wadesboro 5:53 a. m., Monroe 6:43 a. m., Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Lincolnton 10:20 a. m., Shelby 11:18 a. m., Rutherfordton 12:30 noon, Athens 1:13 p. m., Atlanta 2:50 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Atlanta 7:50 p. m., Athens 11:19 p. m., Monroe 6:05 a. m. Leaves Charlotte 7:50 a. m., Monroe 5:55 a. m., Wadesboro 7:01 a m., Hamlet 8:00 a. m., Raleigh 11:25 a. m., Weldon 2:45 p. m.; arrive Portsmouth 5:20 p. m.

Train 38—Leaves Hamlet 8:15 a. m. Arrives Laurinburg 8:46 a. m., Maxton 9:05 a. m., Pembroke 9:31 a. m., Lumberton 9:58 a. m., Wilmington 12.05 noon.

Train 402—Leaves Atlanta 12:00 m. leaves Athens 3:13 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m. Leaves Rutherfordton 4:35 p. m., arrives Shelby 5:55 p. m., Lincolnton 6:55 p. m., Charlotte 10:25 p. m., Monroe 9:40 p. m., Wadesboro 10:31 p. m., Rockingham 11:15 p. m., Hamlet 11:15 p. m., Sanford 1:03 a. m., Raleigh 2:16 a. m., Weldon 4:55 a. m., Portsmouth 7:25 a. m., Richmond 8:30 a. m., Washington 12:31 noon.

Train 18—Leaves Hamlet 7:15 p. m., arrives Gibson 8:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Gibson 7:00 a. m., arrives Hamlet 7:50 a. m.

Train 17—Leaves Hamlet 8:40 a. m., arrives Cheraw 10:00 a. m. Returning, leaves Cheraw 5:00 p. m., arrives Hamlet 6:20 p. m.

All trains daily except Nos. 17 and 18.

Trains make immediate connections at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Texas, California, Mexico, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis, Macon, Florida.

For Tickets, Sleepers, etc., apply to

THOS. D. MEARES, Gen'l Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. my 11 tf

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R'y

JOHN GILL, RECEIVER.

Condensed Schedule.

In Effect May 26th, 1898.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2 DAILY.
Leave Wilmington	7 42 A. M.
Arrive Fayetteville	10 55 P. M.
Leave Fayetteville	11 08 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	11 12 "
Leave Sanford	12 32 P. M.
Leave Climax	2 29 "
Arrive Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Greensboro	3 10 "
Leave Stokesdale	3 58 "
Leave Walnut Cove	4 29 "
Leave Rural Hall	4 57 "
Arrive Mt. Airy	6 25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1 DAILY.
Leave Mt. Airy	8 40 A. M.
Leave Rural Hall	10 04 "
Leave Walnut Cove	10 33 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 06 "
Arrive Greensboro	11 55 "
Leave Greensboro	12 13 P. M
Leave Climax	12 43 "
Leave Sanford	2 35 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction	3 50 "
Arrive Fayetteville	3 53 "
Leave Fayetteville	4 05 "
Arrive Wilmington	7 10 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 4. DAILY.
Leave Bennettsville	8.00 A. M.
Arrive Maxton	9 03 "
Leave Maxton	9 07 "
Leave Red Springs	9 35 "
Leave Hope Mills	10 20 "
Arrive Fayetteville	10 40 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3. DAILY.
Leave Fayetteville	4 33 P. M.
Leave Hope Mills	4 52 "
Leave Red Springs	5 35 "
Arrive Maxton	6 09 "
Leave Maxton	6 15 "
Arrive Bennettsville	7 15 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday.
Leave Ramseur	6 40 A. M.
Leave Climax	8 30 "
Arrive Greensboro	9 17 "
Leave Greensboro	9 35 "
Leave Stokesdale	11 07 "
Arrive Madison	11 55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15. Mixed Daily Ex Sunday
Leave Madison	12 30 P. M.
Leave Stokesdale	1 15 "
Arrive Greensboro	2 30 "
Leave Greensboro	3 00 "
Leave Climax	3 50 "
Arrive Ramseur	5 30 "

CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line, at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railroad, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore Railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk and Western Railway.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager. W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

my 27 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

NEW YORK, WILMINGTON, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C. Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

BENEFACTOR ..... Saturday, June 4th
CROATAN ..... Saturday, June 11th

Wilmington for New York.

CROATAN ..... Saturday, June 4th
BENEFACTOR ..... Saturday, June 11th

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN ..... Tuesday, May 13
BENEFACTOR ..... Tuesday, June 7

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For Freight or Passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green N. Y. my 29 tf

MAXTON BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton N C.

DIRECTORS:

J. D. CROOM, [Maxton.]
ED. McRAE, Maxton.
J. B. SELLERS, Maxton.
G. B. PATTERSON, Maxton.
R. W. LIVERMORE, Pates.
WM. H. BERNARD, Wilmington.
E. F. McRAE, Raemont.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits of the Six Series of Stock now in force in this Association have been about

Eleven Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

W. B HARKER, Secretary. jan 1 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

Schedule In Effect May 22, 1898

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND

DAILY 9.35 A. M. No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.46 a. m., Warsaw 11.14 a. m., Goldsboro 12:03 a. m., Wilson 12:49 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:30 p. m., Tarboro 2:21 p. m., Weldon 3.25 p. m., Petersburg 5.34 p. m., Richmond 6:40 p. m., Norfolk 5.55 p. m., Washington 11:30 p. m., Baltimore 1:03 a. m., Philadelphia 3:50 a. m., New York 6:53 a. m., †Boston 3:00 p. m.

DAILY 7.15 P. M. No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8:55 p. m., Warsaw 9:10 p. m., Goldsboro 10:10 p. m., Wilson 11.06 p. m., †Tarboro 6:45 a. m., Rocky Mount 11:57 p. m., Weldon 1:48 a. m., †Norfolk 10:15 a. m., Petersburg 3:14 a. m., Richmond 4 a. m., Washington 7:41 a. m., Baltimore 9:02 a. m., Philadelphia 11:25 a. m., New York 2.03 p. m., Boston 9:00 p. m.

DAILY except Sunday 2.25 P. M. No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4:13 p. m., Newbern 5:40 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4:56 p. m., Chadbourn 5:28 p. m., Marion 6:34 p. m., Florence 7:15 p. m., Sumter 9:32 p. m., Columbia 10:50 p. m., Denmark 6:12 a. m., Augusta 7:55 a. m., Macon 11:15 a. m., Atlanta 12:35 p. m., Charleston 10:50 p. m., Savannah 1:50 a. m., Jacksonville 7:30 a. m., St. Augustine 10:30 a. m., Tampa 6:05 p. m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.40 P. M. No. 49—Passenger—Leave †Boston 1:03 p. m., *New York 9:00 p. m., Philadelphia 12:05 a. m., Baltimore 2:50 a. m., Washington 4:30 a. m., Richmond 9:05 a. m., Petersburg 10:00 a. m., Norfolk 9:10 a. m., Weldon 11:50 a. m., Tarboro 12:20 p. m., Rocky Mount 1:10 p. m., Wilson 2:30 p. m., Goldsboro 3:05 p. m., Warsaw 2:59 p. m., Magnolia 4.12 p. m.

DAILY 9.30 A. M. No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9:30 a. m., Philadelphia 12:09 p. m., Baltimore 2:35 p. m., Washington 3:46 p. m., Richmond 7:30 p. m., Petersburg 8:12 p. m., †Norfolk 2:20 p. m., Weldon 9:43 p. m., †Tarboro 6:00 p. m., Rocky Mount 5:40 a. m. Leave Wilson 6:22 a. m., Goldsboro 7:01 a. m., Warsaw 7.53 a. m., Magnolia 8:05 a. m.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9:00 a. m., Jacksonville 10:26 a. m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 12.20 P. M. No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8:10 a. m., Sanford 3:07 p. m., Jacksonville 8:00 p. m., Savannah 1:45 a. m., Charleston 6:33 a. m., Columbia 5.45 a. m., Atlanta 7:50 a. m., Macon 9:00 a. m., Augusta 3:30 p. m., Denmark 4:17 p. m., Sumter 6:06 a. m., Florence 8:55 a. m., Marion 9:34 a. m., Chadbourn 10:30 a. m., Lake Waccamaw 11:00 p. m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 4:15 p. m., Halifax 4:30 p. m.; arrive Scotland Neck 5:20 p. m., Greenville 6:57 p. m., Kinston 7:55 p. m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:50 a. m., Greenville 8:52 a. m.; arriving Halifax at 11:18 a. m., Weldon 11:33 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:20 a. m. and 2:30 p. m.; arrive Parmele 9:10 a. m. and 4:00 p. m.; returning leaves Parmele 9:35 a. m. and 6.30 p. m.; arrives Washington 11:00 a. m. and 7:20 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 5:30 p. m.; Sunday, 4:15 p. m.; arrives Plymouth 7:40 p. m. and 6:10 p. m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday, 7:50 a. m. and Sunday 9:00 a. m.; arrive Tarboro 10:05 a. m. and 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 7:10 a. m.; arrive Smithfield, N. C., 8:30 a. m. Returning leaves Smithfield 9:00 a. m.; arrive Goldsboro 10:25 a. m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p. m.; arrives Nashville 5.05 p. m., Spring Hope 5.30 p. m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8.00 a. m., Nashville 8.35 a. m.; arrive Rocky Mount 9.05 a. m. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton, daily except Sunday, at 8.10 a. m. and 4.15 p. m. Returning, leave Clinton at 7.00 a. m. and 10.00 p. m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 9.06 a. m., arrive Latta 9.24 a. m., Dillon 9.35 a. m., Rowland 9.50 a. m. Returning, leaves Rowland 6.00 p. m.; arrives Dillon 6.20 p. m., Latta 6.35 p. m., Pee Dee 7.00 p. m., daily.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 9:25 a. m., Chadbourn 10:43 a. m.; arrive Conway 12:40 p. m.; leave Conway 2:45 p. m., Chadbourn 5:30 p. m.; arrive Hub 6:10 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6:05 p. m., Manning 6:35 p. m.; arrive Lane's 7:13 p. m.; leave Lane's 8:34 a. m., Manning 9:08 a. m.; arrive Sumter 9:37 a. m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lane's 9:30 a. m., 7:40 p. m.; arrive Georgetown 12:00 m., 9:00 p. m.; leave Georgetown 7:00 a. m., 3:30 p. m.; arrive Lane's 8:25 a. m.; 5:35 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:45 a. m.; arrive Darlington 9:18 a. m., Cheraw 10:30 a. m., Wadesboro 2:25 p. m.; leave Florence daily except Sunday at 8:25 p. m.; arrive Darlington 8.50 p. m., Hartsville —— p. m., Bennettsville 9:46 p. m., Gibson 10:10 p. m. Leave Florence Sunday only 8.50 a. m., arrive Darlington 9.20 a. m.

Leave Gibson daily except Sunday at 6:25 a. m., Bennettsville 6:49 a. m.; arrive Darlington 7:40 a. m. Leave Darlington 7:45 a. m.; arrive Florence 8:10 a. m. Leave Wadesboro daily except Sunday 3:00 p. m., Cheraw 5:15 p. m., Hartsville 2:15 a. m., Darlington 6.29 a. m.; arrive Florence 7:00 p. m. Leave Darlington Sunday only 7.50 a. m., arrive Florence 8.15 a. m.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2:17 p. m., 11:13 p. m.; arrive Selma 2.50 p. m., 11:58 p. m., Smithfield 3:02 p. m., Dunn 3:30 p. m., Fayetteville 4:25 p. m., 1:07 a. m., Rowland 6:00 p. m.; returning leave Rowland 9.50 a. m., Fayetteville 11:10 p. m., 10:35 p. m., Dunn 11:50 p. m., Smithfield 12:28 p. m., Selma 12:35 p. m. and 1:44 p. m., arrive Wilson 1:17 p. m., 12:19 a. m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad trains leave Sumter 4:29 a. m., Creston 5:17 a. m.; arrive Denmark 6:12 a. m. Returning leave Denmark 4:17 p. m., Creston 5:13 p. m., Sumter 6:33 p. m. Daily.

Pregnalls Branch train leaves Creston 5:45 a. m.; arrive Pregnalls 9:15 a. m. Returning, leaves Pregnalls 10:00 a. m.; arrives Creston 3:50 p. m. Daily except Sunday.

Bishopville Branch trains leave Elliot 11:10 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; arrive Lucknow 1:00 p. m. and 8:30 p. m. Returning, leave Lucknow 6:05 a. m. and 2:00 p. m.; arrive Elliot 8:25 a. m. and 3:30 p. m.

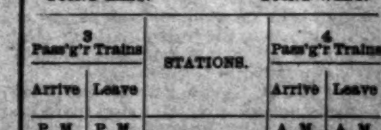
†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON Traffic Manager my 22 tf

Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad

Time Table No. 3.



To Take Effect Sunday, Nov. 28, 1897, at 12 M.

GOING EAST. 3 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave	STATIONS.	GOING WEST. 4 Pass'g'r Trains Arrive	Leave
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.
....	3 40	Goldsboro	11 05	....
....	4 22	Kinston	10 12	....
5 35	5 45	Newbern	8 57	9 10
6 57	7 02	Morehead City	7 42	7 47
P. M.	P. M.		A. M.	A. M.

Train 4 connects with W. & W. train bound North, leaving Goldsboro at 11.35 A. M., and with Southern Railway train West, leaving Goldsboro 2.00 P. M., and with W. & N. at Newbern for Wilmington and intermediate points.

Train 3 connects with Southern Railway train, arriving at Goldsboro 3.00 P. M., and with W. & W. train from the North at 3.03 P. M. No. 1 train also connects with W. & N. for Wilmington and intermediate points.

jan 1 tf S. L. DILL, Sup't.

Skin Diseases.

For the speedy and permanent cure of tetter, salt rheum and eczema, Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment is without an equal. It relieves the itching and smarting almost instantly and its continued use effects a permanent cure. It also cures itch, barber's itch, scald head, sore nipples, itching piles, chapped hands, chronic sore eyes and granulated lids.

Dr. Cady's Condition Powders for horses are the best tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. Price, 25 cents. Sold by

For sale by R. R. BELLAMY, Druggist.

feb 1 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

TUESDAY MORNING, JUNE 7, 1898

INSURGENTS IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Fierce Fighting with the Spanish Troops in the Neighborhood of Manila.

AMERICANS AID INSURGENTS.

A Thousand Prisoners Brought to Cavite. Cruisers and 10,000 Troops on the Way from Spain—Foreigners Take Refuge on Ships.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HONG KONG, June 6.—Advices from Manila say it is officially declared there that four armored cruisers, with colliers and torpedo boats, and troop ships carrying 10,000 troops, have left Spain, proceeding for Eastern waters.

The British gunboat Swift, which has arrived from Manila, reports that the insurgents have cut the railways outside the town and advanced to within four miles of the city. A Spanish regiment mutinied and shot its officers. Fighting between the insurgents and the Spanish troops is frequent, and the former brought a thousand prisoners to Cavite. The Americans, it is reported at Manila, assist the insurgents with boats and machine guns.

The Swift repeats a rumor that the insurgents had captured and tortured a number of priests. The British residents, at the time the Swift left, still remained in Manila, but the foreigners were taking refuge on the foreign ships.

The correspondent of the Associated Press at Manila, under date of June 2, says:

"I have traversed the whole region of fighting during the last three days, in spite of the prohibition. I found the insurgents strongly posted at Caloocan, eight miles north of Manila, and at Bacoor, the same distance south. To the east I found nothing in the way of insurgents entrenchments.

"The Spaniards hold the whole Pasig river, (which falls into the bay immediately below the town of Manila), to the lagoon. The two sections of the insurgent forces signal their movements with fire balloons.

To the northward, the rising is general, and the Spaniards are few. The railway has been cut in several places and the English overseers have been warned off.

"To the southward there has been fierce fighting on the Zapote river between Bacoor and Las Pinas. The biggest battle of the present campaign was fought last Tuesday (May 31st.) The insurgents attacked on the left branch of the Zapote, waded across amid a typhoon, stormed the banks for several miles along and carried the Spanish trenches with knives. Yesterday (June 1st) they tried the right branch of Zapote, but failed. The Spaniards employed artillery all day, but no casualties are reported. To-day there has been only ineffective skirmishes.

"The country is densely wooded and swampy. Both parties shoot aimlessly. I got in the middle of the firing, but nobody was hurt. Nothing was visible in the tremendous fusilade and I believe nobody knew what he was shooting at. Both sides were 'duffers.' The insurgents, however, are excellent in a melee.

"The Spaniards say they were victorious yesterday, but that they cannot follow up the victory and annihilate the rebels because of the American warships at Cavite. Moreover, they say, it is necessary to save their energies for the American troops. Meanwhile the vicinity of Manila is an impenetrable net of ambuscades."

Chief Aguinaldo, in the course of an interview, has said that the insurgents are eager to rush upon Manila forthwith, but that Admiral Dewey refuses to allow "hordes of passionate semi-savages to storm a civilized metropolis."

Admiral Dewey intends to await the arrival of the American troops. In the meantime the insurgents have been forbidden to cross the Malote river, seven miles south of Manila, otherwise the Petrel will be stationed there to bombard them.

The volunteers smelt powder yesterday. An officer was killed, and three others were wounded. The rest retreated rapidly. One German resident has enlisted with the volunteers.

Fighting for Seventy Hours.

MANILA, May 31, via Hong Kong, June 1.—The Spanish outposts have been driven in all along the line, simultaneously and with great slaughter. It is said that over a thousand have been killed. There has been fierce hand-to-hand fighting for seventy hours, despite the typhoon which is raging. The violent winds and torrents of rain render the rifles of the Spanish troops unavailing. The natives easily win at every step with their slashing knives.

To-day the insurgents hold Malabon, Tarlac and Bacoor. They are now attacking Santa Mesa and Molate, the suburbs of the city, which is completely encircled for a distance of seven miles.

A native regiment, under Colonel Aguinaldo, cousin of the insurgent leader, yesterday joined the insurgents. The Governor has issued a proclamation, begging the insurgents to come to terms and meanwhile he is arranging to remove all the Spanish population inside the old walled city. He is filling the moats, testing the draw-bridges and placing strong guards in the principal streets and artillery along the walls. All the other troops are camping in the suburbs. The weather is terrific.

I visited Cavite without the Spaniards knowing it and found there one hundred and ninety-seven wounded and fifty-six prisoners, among the latter six Spanish officers, the others natives. All were well treated.

THE NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Summary of Games Played Yesterday by the Clubs.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 7; Pittsburg, 5.

Boston—Boston, 9; Cleveland, 5. Boston, 0; Cleveland, 2.

New York—New York, 1; Cincinnati, 10.

Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 2; Chicago, 15.

Baltimore—Baltimore, 3; St. Louis, 6.

Washington—Washington, 8; Louisville, 5.

THE MODERN BEAUTY

Thrives on good food and sunshine, with plenty of exercise in the open air. Her form glows with health and her face blooms with its beauty. If her system needs the cleansing action of a laxative remedy, she uses the gentle and pleasant Syrup of Figs. Made by the California Fig Syrup Co. only.

TROOPS LANDING NEAR SANTIAGO.

Sampson's Warships Bombarding the Port, Fortifications and Adjacent Landings.

DID THEY SINK A SPANIARD.

American's Determined Not to Allow the Removal of the Sunken Merrimac. Cubans Concentrating Near Santiago.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

CAPE HAYTIEN, HAYTI, June 6, 6 A. M.—Advices received to-day from the flagship New York, off Santiago de Cuba, and forwarded at 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon, say there is no truth in the report sent out from Antonio, Ja., that the Spanish torpedo boat destroyer Terror had been sunk by the U. S. battleship Oregon.

It is reported from the flagship that no further news has been received from the Merrimac prisoners. A launch came out from the shore on Sunday morning under a flag of truce and the Spanish officer who was in charge of the boat said he thought he saw a flag of truce flying on board the Iowa. When the officer discovered his mistake the launch returned to Morro Castle.

The U. S. transport Resolute, formerly the Yorktown, has arrived off Santiago de Cuba with apprentices for the fleet. The U. S. dispatch boat Suwanee has also reached the fleet safely.

Fine weather continues to prevail off Santiago de Cuba.

U. S. Troops Landing.

NEW YORK, June 6.—A special from Cape Haytien to-day reports that at daylight this morning, under cover of Admiral Sampson's guns, a force of United States troops were landed at Aguadores, a short distance east of Santiago harbor.

CAPE HAYTIEN, HAYTI, June 6, 10:50 A. M.—At 8 o'clock this morning strong cannonading was heard from the direction of Aguadores, a little east of Morro Castle, which defends the eastern entrance of the harbor of Santiago de Cuba. A quarter of an hour later the noise of the cannonading greatly increased, the firing evidently proceeding from guns of the largest calibre.

Bombardment Continues.

1:30 P. M.—Advices just received from Santiago de Cuba say the bombardment of the port, the fortifications and the neighboring landings, particularly Aguadores, continues.

Did They Sink a Destroyer?

ON BOARD THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCH BOAT DAUNTLESS, OFF SANTIAGO DE CUBA, June 5, (via Kingston, Ja., June 6, 10 A. M.)—Whether the American fleet sunk a Spanish torpedo-boat destroyer on Friday night has not been absolutely confirmed.

At 10 o'clock Friday night, the cruiser New Orleans discovered what appeared to be a torpedo-boat destroyer close to the shore and signalled the flagship New York that it was evident a night torpedo attack was to be made. Both the New York and the New Orleans opened fire, and their shells burst around the dark object. Finally a thirteen-inch shell from the Massachusetts (not the Oregon as first reported), was fired and exploded. The search lights of the vessels were turned on the spot where the supposed destroyer had been sighted, but not a trace of the boat could be found, and it is believed aboard the New York that she was sunk.

The first assumption was that the vessel was the Terror, but it is thought now that it was the Pluton or the Furor, as the Terror is not understood to have been at Santiago. On Saturday two Schwarzkopf torpedoes were found floating two miles south of El Morro. This is the class of torpedo used by the Spanish, and one of the two found had only the practice head.

Many officers of the fleet believe that a darkened railway train that was moving along the shore was the real object of the bombardment, instead of a destroyer. No wreckage has been found, no dead bodies have been noticed, and it is possible that the torpedoes were some of those fired at the collier Merrimac when Lieutenant Hobson sunk her, which subsequently floated outside of the harbor.

The Sunken Merrimac.

Admiral Sampson is determined not to allow the Spanish to remove the Merrimac from the spot where she lies. On Saturday it was reported that they were working at the hull and the American fleet formed in line of battle, with orders to bombard. It turned out that the Spanish were not so engaged and the fleet withdrew. Admiral Sampson had given special orders that Elmorro, where the heroes of the Merrimac are imprisoned, should be spared in the firing. Admiral Cervera's polite assurances were accompanied by the statement that Lieutenant Hobson and his men were confined there. This placing of prisoners in the direct line of fire is denounced by the American officers as a thirteenth century defence, and an act of incarnate cruelty.

General Castillo, commanding the Cuban forces in the west and north of the province of Santiago, has been concentrating 4,000 Cubans in the vicinity of the city.

Hobson Without a Scratch.

WITH THE FLEET, OFF SANTIAGO, June 3, 6 P. M., via Kingston, Jamaica, June 5.—(Delayed in transmission.)—All the members of the Merrimac expedition are safe. Two are slightly wounded, but Lieutenant Hobson escaped without a scratch. This almost incredibly good news was brought out this afternoon to Rear Admiral Cervera's chief of staff under a flag of truce.

"Admiral Cervera," said Captain Bustamente y Oviedo, "is so touched by the bravery of your men that he felt it only right you should know they are alive. They are prisoners of war, and are well treated."

Tremendous enthusiasm reigns over the complete success of the expedition. During the day the Merrimac was plainly seen lying athwart the channel. She could hardly have been placed better had she been sunk in the daylight and with no accompaniment of fire. It was an anxious day on all the ships. By noon officers and men feared the Merrimac's heroes had died in their noble work, but at 2 o'clock this afternoon a little black tug, flying a white flag, was seen coming out from the saffron hills of the harbor. Slowly she moved toward the New York, the flagship. Assistant Chief of Staff Staunton boarded the Vixen, flying a flag of truce, and met the Spanish tug, which proved to be the Colon, half way.

Captain Oviedo signified his desire to see Admiral Sampson personally and he was taken on board the flagship. The enthusiasm as the news spread from signals from the Vixen, was so intense that the appearance of the Spanish captain over the side of the New York hardly excited the surprise that might have been expected.

Admiral Sampson greeted Captain Oviedo most cordially, thanked Admiral Cervera for his gallant courtesy and made the preliminary arrangements for the exchange of Lieutenant Hobson and his seven heroes.

However, as they have learned much about the fortifications, it is hardly likely that they will be exchanged for some time. After a friendly chat in the cabin Admiral Sampson sat on deck with Captain Oviedo and pointed out his great ships with pride. Stores and clothing for the Merrimac heroes were put aboard the Colon, and Captain Oviedo went back in his little black tug under the flag of truce, never used, perhaps, for a more chivalrous purpose.

The names of the two wounded men were not ascertained. One has a slight wound in the cheek and the other in the hip. After blowing up the Merrimac, Lieutenant Hobson and his party swam ashore and were captured.

The Fighting at Aguadores.

LONDON, June 6.—A special to the *Financial News* from Cape Haytien, dated Monday, says:

"At daylight this morning the American troops landed at Aguadores, a few miles east of Santiago, Cuba, under cover of Admiral Sampson's guns. The batteries were first silenced after a sharp bombardment."

PORT-AU-PRINCE, June 6.—Advices from Santiago de Cuba to-day say that this morning at 7.45 a lively cannonade was heard in the direction of Aguiadores. It increased in intensity on both sides and toward 8 o'clock it was still furious. No further details have been received, but it is believed that the Spanish ships anchored in the bay of Santiago held the insurgents in check, when the latter were attacking the town. It is said here—but the source of the information is doubtful—that a United States troopship debarked troops under the protection of the fire of the American squadron.

TROUBLE WITH NEGROES.

City Marshal at Clarksville, Mo., Killed—Two Negroes Charged With the Murder Hanged by a Mob.

ST. LOUIS, June 6.—A special to the *Post-Dispatch* from Clarksville, Mo., says:

An excursion boat from Quincy, Ill., and Hannibal, Mo., arrived here yesterday with about 300 negroes on board. After the boat had tied up Curtis Young got into a fight with a colored woman named Lena Bryan, of Hannibal. It become general and city marshal Meloan went on board to quell it. He put Young under arrest, when somebody in the crowd shot the marshal in the back. He died in fifteen minutes. There was great excitement through the town when the shooting became known, and the citizens began to patrol the streets, armed with guns and revolvers. A posse of fifty men went on board the boat and arrested Sam Young, Curtis Young, Bob Taylor and Charles Taylor, all colored, and took them to the city jail, where they were locked up pending the arrival of the prosecuting attorney from Bowling Green, the county seat. When this officer arrived to-day he found that Curtis and Sam Young had been taken from the jail and hung to a convenient tree. It is feared that the two other men will suffer the same fate. Crowds of people from all parts of the surrounding country are coming in to see and learn of the lynching. Citizens armed with shotguns are on guard to prevent any further rioting and the sheriff and his deputies have twenty-five more negroes in custody. They are suspected of complicity in the rioting and are being held to await the result of the inquest.

RIOTING NEAR BELFAST.

Orangemen Attack the Police—Military Called Out.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

BELFAST, June 6.—During the celebrations of the anniversary of June 6th, 1886, when seven civilians were shot on Shank Hill road by the constabulary, the Nationalist procession, while returning this evening from Hannaonstown, was broken up in a riot. Several thousand Orangemen in the Shank Hill road attacked and overpowered the police and chased them back into the Brow square barracks. Several mounted constables were severely injured, and one had his leg broken.

The police reinforcements which arrived were compelled to threaten the crowd with their revolvers before they were able to rescue their comrades from the fury of the mob, which tore up the streets for missiles.

The troops were then called out, but the mob cheered them and sang, "Rule Britannia."

Midnight: The riots have renewed and at a late hour this evening the troops were compelled to charge mobs numbering several thousand. The rioters stoned the police and troops. One constable, who fell from his horse, was savagely beaten with stones by the rioters.

SPANISH SPIES IN CANADA.

Carranza and Du Bosc Arrested and Released on Bail.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

MONTREAL, CAN., June 6.—Lieutenant Carranza and Senor du Bosc were arrested at 4.30 o'clock this afternoon on a capias in which it is alleged they were about to leave the country. The capias was taken out in accordance with a suit for $25,000 damages for defamation of character entered by detective Kellert. The arrest was made at the residence of the Spanish Consul General and the prisoners were immediately taken before Judge Mathieu, who released them on $1,000 bail, which was promptly furnished, the authorities declining to say by whom, and Spanish dignity was thus saved from the contagion of the Montreal jail. The writ of capias is returnable in six days and no action can be taken until the end of that time unless the prisoners consent to a speedy hearing.

SPAIN'S RESERVE FLEET

Reported at Gibraltar—Admiral Cervera's Ships Returned to Cadiz.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

GIBRALTAR, June 6.—It is reported here to-day that the Spanish fleet, commanded by Admiral Cervera, has returned to Cadiz after completing the series of manœuvres which formed the programme of the cruise.

LONDON, June 6.—A special dispatch received in this city to-day from Vienna says: "According to private advices from Cadiz, the preparations for active service of the Spanish cruiser Carlos V, the battleship Pelayo and the auxiliary cruisers Patrioto and Rapido are proceeding slowly, and these vessels are not yet nearly ready to proceed to sea."

—— There is poetic justice in the fact that Cervera is trapped at the port where the Virginius victims were slaughtered. In attacking Santiago de Cuba recollection of that tragedy will mingle with recollection of the Maine in nerving troops and marines.—*New York Commercial Advertiser Rep.*

NEWS OF THE DEPARTMENTS.

A Lot of Conflicting Rumors of Naval Engagements and Landing Troops.

ADMIRAL DEWEY'S REPORT.

Encouraging Advices as to the Situation in the Philippines—Monadnock Ordered to Manila—Cadiz Fleet and Its Movements.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—After a lot of conflicting rumors of naval engagements, the landing of troops and such matters at the Navy Department there came at the close of the day one important bit of news embodied in a report from Admiral Dewey of important success achieved by the insurgents at Manila, as follows:

"Admiral Dewey reports that the insurgents have been actively engaged within the province of Cavite during the past week. They have won several victories, and taken prisoners about 1,800 men, and fifty officers of the Spanish troops not native. The arsenal of Cavite has been prepared for occupation by the United States troops upon their arrival on transports."

Admiral Sampson is engaged in arranging with Admiral Cervera for the exchange of naval constructor Hobson and the men with him, now prisoners at Santiago, for some of the officers and men held prisoners by the United States at Fort McPherson.

Major de Grandprey, military attache of the French Embassy, left to-night for Tampa, where he will proceed with the troops embarking for Cuba. Prince Lieven, of Russia, a captain of the Russian Royal artillery, and recently assigned for special service in connection with the war, called on the war and navy officials to-day and later left for the South. These are the last of the foreign observers to leave for the scene of action.

The officials have been more anxious than they cared to betray as to Admiral Dewey's condition. They were not seriously apprehensive of personal danger to the fleet, but an impression was gaining ground that the admiral had not maintained the same measure of success in his operations in Manila bay that rewarded his first effort. Now the report received goes to show that his plans are working out admirably; that he has succeeded in placing upon the insurgents the burden of conducting military operations against the Spaniards, while he himself is lying in enforced idleness awaiting the arrival of troops, and that he has succeeded in preventing the corruption of the insurgent leaders by the Spaniards, which appeared at one time to be threatening. There is some speculation here by anxious minds as to how the insurgents will treat the prisoners they have taken, who are more numerous, it is said, than all the captures made by the Cuban insurgents since their war began.

It was reported by cable, soon after he had secured the co-operation of the insurgent chief, Aguinaldo, that Admiral Dewey would see to it that the insurgents observed the rules of civilized warfare. This caution was made necessary by the terrible tales that had been circulated of the barbarous treatment of prisoners captured by the insurgents. It is sincerely hoped that Aguinaldo will see to it that this agreement is observed in the case of the 1,800 prisoners he now holds, for it is believed in official circles that the nations of the civilized world will hold the United States morally responsible for any great excesses that are committed in the Philippines as a result of our action there. The Navy Department officials declare that Dewey is not responsible for the safe-keeping and maintenance of these prisoners, which is most fortunate, considering the limited resources of the Admiral in the matter of provisions.

The Navy Department telegraphed orders to-day that the double-turretted monitor Monadnock, now at More Island, should be made ready to sail for Manila within ten days. The Monterey will not wait for the company of the Monadnock, but should be off in the course of a few hours under the convoy of the Brutus. The Navy Department will procure another merchant ship to accompany the Manodock on her 6,000 miles voyage. With twin screws and three thousand horse-power engines she is easily able to make twelve and a half knots an hour. Built on the general lines of the Amphitrite, she has better engines and more power than that monitor. She carries four 10-inch guns in two turrets, beside two 4-inch rapid fire guns in a casement and a numerous secondary battery. Her coal capacity is 250 tons in bunkers and almost as much more stowage room can be found on the decks. Consequently, the Manodock has the ability to make a longer cruise than the Monterey without replenishing her coal supply, yet her capacity is still too small to permit her to make the passage from Honolulu to the Philippines unaided. With these two monitors, Admiral Dewey will be able to take care of himself, even should the much-talked of Cadiz fleet undertake to attack him in Manila harbor. The monitors at their maximum draw only 14 1-2 feet of water, or ten feet less than the Spanish battleship Pelayo, and therefore would be able to pick their position in the shallow water where the Spanish battleships could not possible reach them, and hammer away at the latter to their heart's content, presenting themselves so small a mark as to render it very difficult for the Spanish gunners to reply effectively. There is no doubt entertained of the Monadnock's seaworthiness, for before being reconstructed at the Mare Island navy yard, she made the entire voyage from Delaware clear around the Horn to San Francisco, a voyage longer really than that made by the Oregon.

That Cadiz Fleet,

which was reported to be doing strange things in the West Indies yesterday, is not giving the naval officials any concern. They have learned through the State Department that the Spanish ships were at Cadiz last Friday, so they could not well have been in the West Indies two days later.

Up to the close of office hours it could not be learned at the War or Navy Department that any news had reached there to show that troops had landed in force near Santiago and the officials, high and low, made no concealment of their incredulity.

How It Happened.

Our mailing department got a half-hour behind in calculating the time of day yesterday, and as a consequence our Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley mail was too late for the train. We regret this, of course; but as our subscribers get our Monday edition free, we trust they will not complain. "Never look a gift-horse in the mouth."

N. C. VOLUNTEERS.

Reports That Ex-Judge Spier Whitaker is to be Appointed Brigadier General.

OTHER NEWS FROM RALEIGH.

Adjutant General Cowles' Condition—Congressman Fowler—The First and Second Regiments to be Recruited.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., June 6th.

J. C. L. Harris has returned from Washington where he went to see the Secretary of War for the Governor relative to the handling of North Carolina's quota under the second call for volunteers. Mr. Harris says the War Department has fully decided to recruit the First and Second regiment's companies to a minimum of 106 and that only two battalions, 763 men, will be admitted from North Carolina. These Mr. Harris stated to a friend to-day, will be made up of negro troops and will be used as the Governor at first desired, to complete a negro regiment and make Jim Young a colonel.

Mr. Harris states that it is the universal belief in Washington at this time that the war will last longer than was anticipated, and it is the administration's intentions to make a third call for volunteers within ten days or two weeks. The call, it is thought, will be for 150,000 men, and under this North Carolina will have two regiments of infantry, if the maximum company strength is 106 men, and three regiments if the men are mustered into service as the First and Second regiments were.

Mr. Harris, in speaking of the war situation at Washington, said the whole city is intensely interested in every reported move of troops, and that excitement runs high.

A telegram received here to-day reports the condition of Congressman Fowler as greatly improved, and says he will be entirely himself again in a few days.

Adjutant General Cowles' condition is greatly improved. Letters and telegrams of sympathy continue to pour in. He will be able to receive visitors after to-day and will probably get back into service long before any one at first thought he could. His duties as Adjutant General will be carried on in his sick room, the intention now being to move the necessary part of his office to his room in the Yarborough.

In the Mayor's Court this morning a peculiar case developed. After a warrant had been served on two men for an affray by the police they went to a justice of the peace. The justice made out a warrant and then acted constable and served it. The charge was affray and instead of dividing the fines equally one man paid the greater part. It is a new departure here for a magistrate to issue the warrant and then act in capacity of constable and serve it.

Mr. Armond Myers, of Portsmouth, formerly of Wilmington, spent yesterday with friends here. He returned home this morning.

Mr. George James, of Wilmington, who came here to see the family of Capt. C. B. Denson, returned home last night.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

J. C. L. Harris is authority for the statement that Ex-Judge Spier Whitaker, of Raleigh, is to be appointed brigadier general. His appointment it is thought will come with the next call for troops and is considered probable, since Moody is the only man from North Carolina who has received a Presidential appointment in the volunteer army.

TOO MUCH FOR THE TAR HEELS.

Couldn't Tolerate a Disrespectful Reference to Jefferson Davis.

In spite of all the talk about the unifying influence which the present war has upon the boys who wore the blue and those who wore the gray, it is impossible to prevent the old feeling from cropping out occasionally.

The other day, so one of the soldiers at Jacksonville, Fla., writes, some of the Illinois company were singing "Marching through Georgia." This wasn't altogether to the liking of the Southerners, but they bore it quietly. Finally the boys from the prairie State struck up on the old "sour apple tree" tune with the name of Jeff Davis substituted for that of John Brown. It may have been due to a momentary impulse prompted by the recent recurrence of Jeff Davis' birthday, or it may have been from a settled antipathy to seeing anything at any time disrespectful to the memory of the dead president of the Confederacy; from one of these causes there were members of the First North Carolina regiment who considered the conduct of the Illinois men an affront which could best be settled by blows, which the Tar Heels proceeded to administer.

To Test True Worth.

Two gay young girls were having a highly edifying (?) conversation on a Walnut Hills cable car the other day. One said: "When I feel that a man is becoming interested in me to the exclusion of other girls, I at once put him to a test.

"Of course you know what posers men are, and how they are on dress parade when the girls are about. Well, my test is this: I make an engagement with him to go off somewhere at 8 o'clock in the morning. Nine men out of ten will be late. The majority of people feel dull and not at all affable at such an early hour. Even his conversation will be lacking in sparkle. If you want to look behind the screen of a man's conventionality, put him to this test. If he comes through under favorable conditions, he will make a good husband."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

His Cause For Regret.

An old Scotchman who had been a long time in the colonies paid a visit to his "native glen," and, meeting an old schoolfellow, they sat down to have a chat about old times and acquaintances. In the course of conversation the stranger happened to ask about a certain Geordie McKay.

"He's dead long ago," said his friend, "and I'll never cease regretting him as long as I live."

"Dear me! Had you such a respect for him as that?"

"Na, na! It wasna' ony respect I had for himsel', but I married his widow."—Strand Magazine.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

PROCEEDINGS IN CONGRESS.

An Urgent Deficiency Bill Passed by the Senate—The War Revenue Measure Sent to Conference in the House.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, June 6.—Beyond the passage of an urgent deficiency bill, made necessary by the war with Spain, the Senate accomplished little to-day. The deficiency measure carries appropriations for the war and navy establishments aggregating $17,745,000. These appropriations are in addition to the amounts to be carried later by the general deficiency bill. During the greater part of the session the measure providing for the taking of the twelfth and subsequent censuses was under consideration but no progress was made toward its completion.

At 4.20 P. M. the Senate went into executive session and soon afterward adjourned.

House of Representatives.

The war revenue bill, with Senate amendments, was returned to the House to-day and after a brief debate was sent to conference and the Speaker named Messrs. Dingley, Republican, Maine, Payne, Republican, New York, and Bailey, Democrat, Texas, as conferees.

The Senate bill to revise and perfect the classification of letters patent and printed publications in the patent office was considered under suspension of the rules and passed.

The contested election cases of Jos. Gazin and Armond Romain vs. Adolph Meyer, from the First Louisiana district, were disposed of by the adoption of the committee resolutions declaring that neither contestant was elected.

The bill providing a code of criminal law and procedure for Alaska was called up, but its reading was interrupted by a motion to adjourn, which prevailed, and at 3.34 o'clock P. M. the House adjourned.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The BEST SAVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cent per box. For sale by R. R. BELLAMY

BUSINESS LOCALS.

NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost or Found, Wants, and other short Miscellaneous Advertisements inserted in this Department, in solid Nonpareil Type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms positively cash in advance.

How About Some Fine country Hams? You can get them from L. Tate Bowden, 6 Princess street. See him for anything you want in country produce. je 4 tf

Notice—Parties desiring a cool Summer boarding place in the country will apply to Mrs. M. E. Simpson, Point Caswell, N. C. je 4 3t*

Application for the Position of Steward for Hanover Seaside Club will be received by the Secretary of the Executive Committee until the 7th inst. Reference required. je 4 3t

The Ladies' Aid Society of St. Andrew's Church will have an excursion to Carolina Beach on the steamer Wilmington on next Tuesday, June 7th. Refreshments served. je 3 3t fr sa mo

M. C. Benson, Produce Commission Merchant, 105 Dock street, is the place to get your Cow Peas, Black-eye Peas, Butter, Chickens, Eggs and N. C. Hams. je 3 tf

Cow Peas for planting. Hay, Grain and all kinds of feed. Jno. S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Both Phones No. 92. je 2 tf

A Good Milch Cow for sale. Apply to H. J. Bierman, 215 Market street. my 31 tf

Just Received Big Lot fresh Mountain Butter. Only 20c pound. Also big stock Strawberries and all kinds of vegetables. Both phones 163. L. Clayton Grant, successor to R. E. Ward, 213 Market street. my 25 tf

Hayden, P. H., has in stock Buggies, Road Carts and Harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. no 25 tf

Always Reliable.—The best and freshest goods at lowest market prices. Cabbage, Apples, Butter, Bananas, Crackers, Candies, Lemons, Potatoes, etc. Retailers will find it to their advantage to ask my prices before placing their order. A. S. Winstead, 115 Second street. Phone 308. sep 21 tf

We Want Your Trade.

We are not unreasonable in asking you to see to your interest and trade with us. We certainly know to sell at car-load prices, therefore save you all the go-between profit. We handle from first hands; acting as distributors of all kinds of

Provisions.

Sentiment is humbug in business. Vigilance in keeping ahead of the procession should force you to buy of us. We will do our part. We only sell the famous

Cuban Blossom Cigars.
Renown Cigars.
Topical Twist Cigars.

Once used always used.

Vollers & Hashagen,
PROVISIONERS,
je 5 tf Nutt Street, A. C. L. Crossing.

Wanted,
5,000 lbs. Wool.
3,000 lbs. Beeswax.
WRITE FOR QUOTATIONS.
SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,
je 4 tf 12 Market St., Wilmington, N. C.

"Experience is a Dear Teacher."

We have had our EXPERIENCE and have paid for it. So in buying your

Medicines & Filling Prescriptions

from me, you run no risk whatever. It is no EXPERIMENT with us now. We know exactly what we are doing and how to do it. Ask any doctor in this town.
TELEPHONE, store 199, and residence 269.
Yours, for some of your business,
James D. Nutt, The Druggist.
my 22 tf

For Rent,

THE "ELLIS PLACE" ON WRIGHTSVILLE Sound. Large house, furnished, ready for immediate use and occupation. Apply to
je 3 4t CRONLY & MORRIS.

Ed. Guyon and Wm. C. Moore

May hereafter be found at the Barber Shop of the undersigned, where they are prepared to do all work in their line in a first class manner.
Respectfully,
A. FREEMENT, Barber,
my 8 tf 11 South Front St.

ADVISORY NOTICE.

TO COTTAGERS AT

Ocean View and Carolina Beach.

Take a day off and ascertain your needs and advise us of same at least a week before you intend to occupy your Cottage.

This will enable you to spend your first night as comfortably as your last and also escape the discomfort attendant upon incomplete Furnishing.

This is not Jersey, but a Dixie Net is an indispensable adjunct to a good night's rest. We have them.

The Sneed Company,
je 3 tf Furniture and House Furnishings.

Ice, Ice, Ice,

In Any Quantity From

10 POUNDS TO 100 TONS.

Careful Personal Attention Given All Orders.

Wm. E. Worth & Co.
Bell Telephone 94. Inter-State 146.
my 12 tf

Piano Prices.

Many People Pay Twice the Value of the Piano

When they buy because they are not posted as to prices, nor the quality of the goods.

You Can Buy a Lester Piano,

such as was recently used at the Y. M. C. A. for $225 cash or $250 on instalments. We have other good PIANOS still much lower.

Our Famous "Sohmer" Piano

can be bought from $350 upwards.

Cabinet Organs

proportionately low as to prices and a large stock.

E. VAN LAER,
402 and 404 North Fourth Street.
je 4 tf tu th sa

FRANK H. STEDMAN,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Fire AND Tornado Insurance

YOUR BUSINESS IS SOLICITED AND SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

OFFICE AT
Southwest corner of Front and Chesnut Sts
de 3 tf

HOOP IRON.

300 Bundles Hoop Iron.
50 Bundles Rivets.
40 Bags Java Rice.
25 Barrels Carolina Rice.
10 Boxes Lemons.
50 Boxes Sardines.
40 Boxes Pint Pickles.
75 Boxes Sardines.
45 Boxes Oysters.

W. B. Cooper,
je 5 tf 226 North Water street.

Carolina Beach and Southport STEAMBOAT LINE.

Following Schedule in Effect After Wednesday, June 8.

Leave Wilmington, daily except Sunday, for Carolina Beach, 6 and 9.30 A. M.; 3 and 5.15 P. M.
Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday—Leave Wilmington, 7.30 P. M.; leave Beach, 8.30 P. M.
Leave Beach, 7 A. M.; 1.15 P. M.; 3.45 P. M.; 6.00 P. M.
Leave Wilmington Sunday, 10 A. M.; 2.30 P. M.; Leave Beach, 12.30 P. M.; 6 P. M.
9.30 A. M. boat through for Southport—Leaves Southport, 12.15 P. M.
Yacht Undine leaves Southport at 2 P. M. Meets 3 P. M. boat from Wilmington.
J. W. Harper.
je 5 tf

OCEANIC HOTEL,
Carolina Beach, N. C.

OPEN FOR THE SEASON.—Rates $2.00 per day, local; $10 per week, or $1.00 per day by month.
N. B.—Milk for table carefully sterilized. Sterilizer also at service of cottagers.
je 2 1m B. A. JENKINS, Prop.

Mrs. W. E. Mayo
HAS OPENED THE
Ocean View Hotel

For the season, where she is prepared to serve her guests as formerly. WATER FROM ARTESIAN WELL. Special rates to families. je 2 1m

SPRING FELT HATS?
STRAW HATS

That will become you and make you comfortable and stylish? Then go to
HAMME, THE HATTER,
my 29 tf 26 North Front street.

D. O'CONNOR.
Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

STORES, OFFICES AND DWELLINGS for rent.
Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved city real estate. se 6 tf

Blue Ridge Springs

The Favorite Summer Resort of the Virginia Mountains. Twenty-six consecutive seasons under the management of
my 22 2m PHIL. F. BROWN.

HOTEL STEWART.

Rates $2.00 Per Day, According to Location.

West Chestnut St., opposite R. R. Depot Office.
feb 20tf Goldsboro, N. C.

Bargain Offerings

For Your Benefit this week, of which we can give but a few hints here.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.,
No. 9 North Front Street,
Wilmington, N. C.

Something new—the Romero Leather Belt. No eyelets to tear out and has a belt holder attached. The neatest and most convenient Belt made. Prices 25 and 50c.

White India Linen, remnants, worth 12½ for 8 cents.
White India Linen, remnants, worth 15 for 10 cents.
White India Linen, remnants, worth 20 for 15 cents.
Pique in White and Colored for Waists and Skirts 15 to 40c per yard.
Large assortment of Ladies' ready-made Shirt Waists, 50c to $1.50.

FOR CHILDREN'S USE THE

Nazareth Waists.

Sold at 19, 25 and 50 Cents.

HOSIERY—50 dozen Ladies' Black Lisle and Gauze Cotton, 50 gauge fine high spring heel and double soles, both plain and Richelieu ribbed. Positively a 35c article, special sale price 25c.

Wear W. B. Corset and use Standard Patterns. Sold only by us.

Carpets, Mattings, Floor Oil Cloth, Window Shades, Trunks. Mosquito Nets in large quantities on our second floor.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.
je 5 tf

NEW STOCK.

THE WILMINGTON HOMESTEAD AND LOAN ASSOCIATION

Will on June 11th Start Its THIRTEENTH Series of Stock.

Those desiring to secure Stock in this new Series should do so before that date by applying to any Officer or Director of the Association.

J. C. STEVENSON, President.
H. C. McQUEEN, Vice Pres't.
G. D. PARSLEY,
L. S. BELDEN,
T. O. BUNTING,
C. W. POLVOGT,
WM. GOODMAN,
J. H. HARDIN,
N. M. McEACHERN,
O. M. FILLYAW.
C. C. BROWN, Sec'y and Treas. my 31 1w

Don't Go It Blind

And Send Your Prescriptions to Any Druggist. When it Comes to

Filling Prescriptions

Remember any old thing will NOT do.

Inquire if the man who fills your prescriptions is a Registered Pharmacist. Then ask yourself if he is careful, conscientious and painstaking. When you have settled all this, you will send your prescriptions to

J. HICKS BUNTING,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist,
Y. M. C. A. Building,
my 30 tf Wilmington, N. C.

SEASHORE HOTEL,
WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH N. C.
GEORGE CAMPBELL, Proprietor.
R. R. CRAWFORD, Manager.

Open for the Season.

New and beautiful building sprinkled by the spray of Old Ocean and yet twenty miles away from slightest danger by invasion. New and handsome furnishings with all modern conveniences. Cuisine up to highest standard of excellence. Drinking water furnished by artesian well. Daily concerts by Hotel Orchestra. Come to Wrightsville Sound for cooling summer breezes and matchless view of Atlantic Ocean.
je 5 tf